

Seasonal influenza vaccination programme country profile: United Kingdom – Wales

2012-13 Season

Background information

| Influenza immunisation policy and g | eneral facts about the United Kingdom |
|--|--|
| Volume indices of GDP per capita in 2011 and 2013 (EU-28=100) Source: Eurostat ^a | 106 and 109 respectively (UK) |
| Health costs as % of GDP 2011 Source: Eurostat ^b | 8.0% (UK) |
| Total population of the country, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c | UK: 63 182 180 Wales: 3 082 412 (source: Mid-year population estimate for 2013, Welsh Government StatsWales: https://statswales.wales.gov.uk/Catalogue/Population-and-Migration/Population/Estimates/NationalLevelPopulationEstimates-by-Year-Age-UKCountry) |
| Population ≥65, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c | UK: 10 377 125 (16.4% from the total population) Wales: 600 630 (>65 population of Wales (19.5% of population) source: Mid-year population estimate for 2013, Welsh Government StatsWales: https://statswales.wales.gov.uk/Catalogue/Population-and-Migration/Population/Estimates/NationalLevelPopulationEstimates-by-Year-Age-UKCountry) |
| Population with chronic medical conditions <65 years, 2006 Source: ECDC (based on methodology by Fleming and Eliot, 2006) ^d | 5 051 000 (8.0% from the total population) (UK) |
| Number of live births in 2011 ^e | 807 776 (1.3%from the total population) (UK) |
| National seasonal influenza recommendations (e.g. age and target group recommendations and guidelines) | Recommendations available |
| URL link to Immunisation Guidelines for Wales | http://gov.wales/topics/health/cmo/publications/cmo/item/flu/?lang=en |
| National Action Plan (NAP) as requested by EC | Plan was adopted |
| URL link to NAP | http://www2.nphs.wales.nhs.uk:8080/PHWExecutiveManDocs.nsf/(\$All)/DCE43C7ADB6103BB80257A7E003904F8/\$File/Flu%20Plan.pdf?OpenElement |

EUROSTAT links:

^aGDP per capita 2013 (accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/GDP per capita, consumption per capita and price level indices

^bHealth expenditures 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/General government expenditure on social protection and health

http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications/Publications/0808 GUI Priority Risk Groups for Influenza Vaccination on.pdf (Fleming, D.M. and A.J. Elliot, Estimating the risk population in relation to influenza vaccination policy. 2006 May 15; 24(20):4378-85)

Seasonal influenza vaccination recommendations and payment mechanism for vaccination

| Vaccination recommendations (popul | ation groups targeted by vaccination) | |
|---|--|--|
| Overall population | No recommendation | |
| Healthy children and adolescents | No recommendation | |
| Older population groups: ≥65 years of age | Recommended | |
| Chronic medical conditions | Recommended: - Pulmonary diseases; - Neurologic diseases; - Cardiovascular diseases; - Renal diseases; - Hepatic diseases; - Haematological disorders; - Metabolic disorders; - Immunosuppressed individuals; - HIV/AIDS. | |
| | No recommendation: - Morbid obesity, - Long-term aspirin use (children <18 years). | |
| Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post-partum women) | Recommended: - For all pregnant women at any stage during pregnancy. | |
| | No recommendation: - Postpartum women if not vaccinated during pregnancy. | |
| Healthcare workers | Recommended: - To some healthcare workers ^a | |
| Other occupational groups | Recommended: | |
| Population groups in closed communities | Recommended: - For residents of long- term care facilities; | |
| | No recommendation: | |
| Household contacts or carers of | Recommended: | |
| | No recommendation: - Infants <6months of age. | |

^a 'Some' means outpatient/inpatient/long-term care facility workers/ front line healthcare workers/ healthcare workers that have direct contact with patients.

^cTotal population and those > 65 years of age 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): https://ec.europa.eu/CensusHub2/intermediate.do?&method=forwardResult

^d Population with chronic medical conditions 2006:

^e Number of live births in 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=tps00111&plugin=1

| Payment mechanism for vaccine and its administration for the population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccine | | | | |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | For vaccine | For administration | | |
| Overall population | na | na | | |
| Healthy children and adolescents | na | na | | |
| Older population groups (≥65 years of age) ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Chronic medical conditions groups (by group) ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post- partum women) ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Health care workers (including staff of long-stay care facilities) ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Other occupational groups ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Population groups in closed communities ^a | National health service | National health service | | |
| Household contacts or care givers ^a | National health service | National health service | | |

na: Not applicable

National insurance scheme: health contributions are paid to the insurance fund and then for this contribution there is a package of services received. It is not by default that you receive the services if you do not pay the insurance contributions.

National health service: taxes are paid by a citizen or resident of the country and this person is covered by the health service.

Out of pocket: not reimbursed, paid by receiver of vaccine.

Vaccination coverage rates

Vaccination coverage (%) in population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccination the from 2008-09 to the 2012-13 influenza season by method of data collection (administrative and /or survey)

| Population group | Influenza season | | | | | | | | | |
|---|------------------|-------|--------|-------|--------|-------------|--------|-------|--------|-------|
| | 2008 | 3–09 | 2009 | 9–10 | 2010 |)–11 | 2011 | L-12 | 2012 | 2–13 |
| | Admin. | Surv. | Admin. | Surv. | Admin. | Surv. | Admin. | Surv. | Admin. | Surv. |
| Overall population | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na |
| Children/adolescents | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na | na |
| Older population groups: ≥65 years of age | 59.5 | na | 63.5 | na | 65.7 | na | 67.7 | na | 67.7 | na |
| Chronic medical conditions groups | 40.8 | na | 49.1 | na | 48.5 | na | 50 | na | 49.7 | na |
| Pregnant women a | - | - | - | - | 39.6 | na | 31.7 | na | 43.6 | 61.6c |
| Healthcare workers | | na | 11.6 | na | 18.5 | na | 30.9 | na | 35.5 | na |
| Staff in long-stay care facilities ^b | - | - | - | - | - | - | NA | na | NA | na |
| Residents in long stay care facilities ^b | - | - | - | - | - | - | NA | na | NA | na |

na: Not applicable

NA: Not available

^a No co-payment for vaccine and vaccine administration.

^a VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010-11 influenza season).

^b VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for staff and residents in long-stay care facilities for the influenza season 2011-12.

^c Conducted through survey of women delivering during a 5 day period in March

Figure 1. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among those ≥65 years of age from the 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season

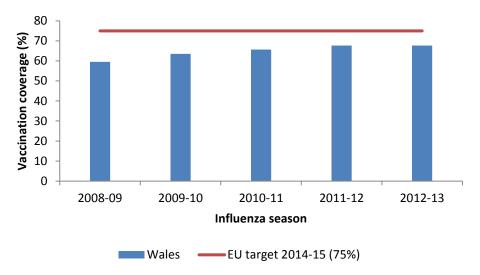


Figure 2. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among those with chronic medical conditions from the 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season

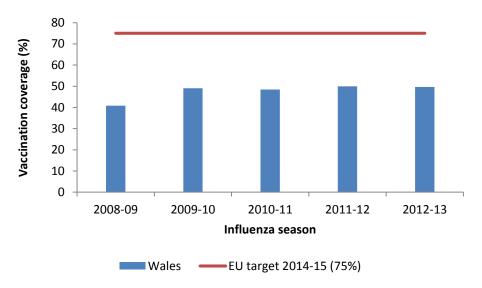
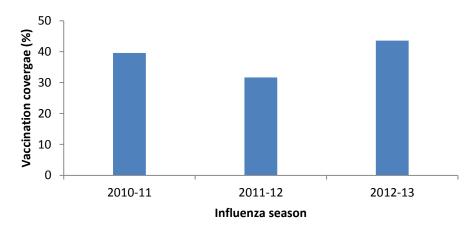
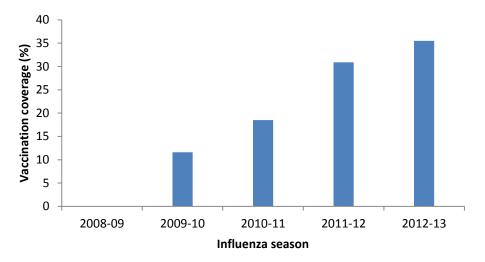


Figure 3. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among pregnant women from the 2010–11 to 2012–13 influenza season



Note: VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010–11 influenza season).

Figure 4. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among healthcare workers from the 2009–10 to the 2012–13 influenza season



Methods to monitor vaccination coverage, safety and effectiveness

Monitoring of vaccination coverage during the 2012–13 influenza season

Method used to monitor influenza vaccination coverage

Administrative method for all groups, uptake in pregnant women also ascertained through a survey of women giving birth.

| Method used (administrative, survey) to monitor vaccination coverage by population group | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Administrative | Survey | | |
| Adults: aged ≥65 years old; Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups); Pregnant women; Health care workers; Household contact/Carer of: Immunosuppressed individuals; Persons with clinical risk indication; Adults (≥65) | Pregnant women: influenza immunisation status in women giving birth in delivery units around Wales, during a five day window in March each year, is ascertained by mid-wives and reported to Public Health Wales. | | |

| Details on ad | Details on administrative method used (medical records vs. immunisation registry; manual vs. electronic) by population group | | | |
|---------------|---|--------|----------------------|--|
| | Medical records | Ir | nmunisation registry | |
| Manual | Electronic | Manual | Electronic | |
| - | Adults aged ≥65 years old; Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups); Pregnant women; Household contact/Carer of: Immunosuppressed individuals; Persons with clinical risk indication; Adults (≥65) | No | No | |

| Numerator assessment | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| Pharmaceutical data | Administrative data | Frequency of numerator assessment | | |
| Not used | Aggregate collection of number of vaccines administered | Weekly ^a | | |

^a This information is collected, but not reported on a routine basis

| Denominator assessment by population groups and data source | | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Population group | Data source for population group | | |
| Entire population | Used. Electronic medical records from General Practice | | |
| Children and adolescents | na | | |
| Adults | Used. Electronic medical records from General Practice | | |
| Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups) | Used. Electronic medical records from General Practice | | |
| Pregnant women | Used. Electronic medical records from General Practice | | |
| Healthcare workers | Used. Aggregate notifications of vaccinations given in NHS Health Board Occupational Health Departments | | |
| Essential public sector workers | Not used | | |
| Prisoners | Not used | | |
| Residents of long-term care institutions | Used. Medical records from General Practice | | |
| Educational institutions | Not used | | |
| Other, please specify | Not used | | |

na: Not applicable

| Details for survey method used for the 2012-13 influenza season | | | | | |
|---|-------------|---|-------------|--|--|
| Type of the survey | Survey mode | Sampling strategy | Sample size | | |
| Pregnant women: influenza immunisation status in women giving birth in delivery units around Wales, during a five day window in March each year, is ascertained by mid-wives and reported to Public Health Wales. | na | All women delivering in NHS delivery units in Wales during a five data period | 443 | | |

na: Not applicable

Scientific studies conducted for vaccination coverage; vaccine safety and vaccine effectiveness

Performed: studies on influenza vaccine effectiveness

http://www.eurosurveillance.org/ViewArticle.aspx?ArticleId=20389

http://www.eurosurveillance.org/ViewArticle.aspx?ArticleId=19791

http://www.eurosurveillance.org/ViewArticle.aspx?ArticleId=20389

| Vaccin | Vaccine safety monitoring (adverse events following immunisation AEFV) | | | | | |
|--|--|-------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| Data collected at the national and at the regional level | Data linkage with immunisation registry | Details collected | Status of reporting | AEFV reported to | | |
| Yesa | - | - | Mandatory | The Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) | | |

aYellow card reporting system to MHRA.

| Monitoring of influenza vaccine break-through ^a infections in vaccinated individuals | | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Data collected at the national and at the regional level Data linkage with immunisation registry | | | | | |
| There is no such system na na | | | | | |

na: Not applicable

Vaccine procurement and delivery

| Influenza vaccine procurement and delivery, 2012–13 influenza season | | | | |
|--|----------|--|--|--|
| Number of doses | | | | |
| Purchased Distributed Used | | | | |
| NK | NK NK NK | | | |

NK: Not known

| Type of vaccine/Product Name | Target groups | |
|--|---|--|
| Trivalent inactivated non-adjuvanted vaccines (TIV) | | |
| Used | | |
| Abbott; Baxter; GlaxoSmithKline; Pfizer/CSL Australia; Sanofi Pasteur; Novartis (non adjuvanted) | Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years); Those with medical condition/s; Pregnant women; Residents of long stay care facilities; Health Care Workers | |
| Trivalent inactiva | ted adjuvanted vaccines (aTIV) | |
| Used | | |
| Crucell (virosomal vaccines) | Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years); Those with medical condition/s; Residents of long stay care facilities | |
| Trivalent live at | tenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV) | |
| Used | | |
| Astra Zeneca | Those with medical condition/s | |
| Quadrivalent at | tenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV) | |
| Not used | | |
| Quadrivalent inactiv | ated non-adjuvanted vaccine (QIV) | |
| Not used | | |

^a Break-through infection is defined as laboratory-confirmed influenza infection >14 days after seasonal influenza vaccination in the current season (i.e. vaccine failure).

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination

| Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination during the 2012-13 influenza season | | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Promotion activities with the general public and healthcare workers | Source of information (if yes) | | |
| General public | | | |
| Yes | Radio; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website; Other: Social media and sponsorship of national weather updates on one TV channel | | |
| Population over 65 | | | |
| Yes | Radio; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website; Other: Social media and sponsorship of national weather updates on one TV channel | | |
| Pregna | nt women | | |
| Yes | Radio; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website; Other: Social media and sponsorship of national weather updates on one TV channel | | |
| Chronic medical conditions | | | |
| Yes | Radio; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website; Other: Social media and sponsorship of national weather updates on one TV channel | | |
| Healthca | re workers | | |
| Yes | Radio; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website; Other: Social media and sponsorship of national weather updates on one TV channel | | |

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influenza

Recommendations and/or guidelines (policy document) on antiviral use

Recommendations available

| Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influen season | nza during the 2012–13 influenza | | |
|---|---|--|--|
| Use of antivirals for <u>treatment</u> for in-patients and out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications | | | |
| For in-patients who: | | | |
| have severe, complicated influenza-like illness (ILI); have progressive influenza-like illness; require hospitalisation due to influenza-like illness. | Recommended | | |
| For out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications on the basis of their age or underlying medical conditions: | | | |
| Children < 2 years; Children < 5 years; Adults aged ≥65 years; Individuals belonging to risk groups. Women who are pregnant or postpartum (within 6 weeks after delivery); Residents of nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities. | Recommended | | |
| Use of antivirals for <u>post-exposure</u> prophy | /laxis | | |
| For family or other close contacts of a person at higher risk for influenza complications who have not been vaccinated with influenza vaccine at the time of exposure; | Recommended | | |
| For unvaccinated healthcare workers with occupational exposure and who did not use personal protective equipment at the time of exposure | Recommended | | |
| Use of antivirals for <u>pre-exposure</u> prophylaxis | | | |
| For individuals who are at high risk (e.g. severely immunosuppressed patients) for influenza-related complications who cannot otherwise be protected during times when a high risk for exposure exists | Recommended | | |
| Use of antivirals for <u>control of</u> influenza <u>outbreaks</u> | | | |
| For individuals in long-term care facilities/care for immunocompromised individuals if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains | Recommended | | |
| For unvaccinated healthcare staff who provide care to individuals at high risk of developing complications in long-term care facilities/ care for immunocompromised patients if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains | No recommendation | | |
| For all health care staff regardless of whether they received an influenza vaccination if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains | No recommendation | | |
| Prisoners | No recommendation | | |
| Educational institutions | No recommendation | | |
| Existence of antiviral resistance surveillance system | | | |
| Antiviral resistance surveillance system | There is an antiviral resistance surveillance system in place | | |

Country profiles are based on the <u>Seasonal Influenza Vaccination in Europe</u> report produced by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and the Vaccine European New Integrated Collaboration Effort III (VENICE III). The data are from the seasonal influenza vaccination survey for 2012–13 season in EU/EEA countries. During the validation process in June 2015, minor changes were introduced in some country profiles. Therefore, data may be different to those available in the report.