

Seasonal influenza vaccination programme country profile: Slovenia

2012-13 Season

Background information

Influenza immunisation policy	and general facts about Slovenia
Volume indices of GDP per capita in 2011 and 2013 (EU-28=100) Source: Eurostat ^a	83 and 82 respectively
Health costs as % of GDP 2011 Source: Eurostat ^b	6.9%
Total population of the country, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c	2 050 189
Population ≥65, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c	338 944 (16.5% from the total population)
Population with chronic medical conditions <65 years, 2006 Source: ECDC (based on methodology by Fleming and Eliot, 2006) ^d	166 000 (8.1% from the total population)
Number of live births in 2011 ^e	21 947 (1.1% from the total population)
National seasonal influenza recommendations (e.g. age and target group recommendations and guidelines)	Recommendations available
URL link to Immunisation Guidelines for Slovenia	
National Action Plan (NAP) as requested by EC	Plan not adopted
URL link to NAP	

na: Not applicable NA: Not available EUROSTAT links:

^aGDP per capita 2013 (accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/GDP per capita, consumption per capita and price level indices

^bHealth expenditures 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/General government expenditure on social protection and health

^cTotal population and those > 65 years of age 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): <u>https://ec.europa.eu/CensusHub2/intermediate.do?&method=forwardResult</u>

^d Population with chronic medical conditions 2006: http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications/Publications/0808 GUI Priority Risk Groups for Influenza Vaccinatio on.pdf (Fleming, D.M. and A.J. Elliot, Estimating the risk population in relation to influenza vaccination policy. 2006 May 15; 24(20):4378-85)

e Number of live births in 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=tps00111&plugin=1

Seasonal influenza vaccination recommendations and payment mechanism for vaccination

Vaccination recommendations (population gr	oups targeted by vaccination)
Overall population	Recommended
Healthy children and adolescents ≥6 months-23 months of age	Recommended
Older population groups: ≥65 years of age	Recommended
Chronic medical conditions	Recommended: - Pulmonary diseases; - Neurologic diseases; - Cardiovascular diseases; - Renal diseases; - Hepatic diseases; - Haematological disorders; - Metabolic disorders; - Immunosuppressed individuals; - HIV/AIDS; - Long-term aspirin use (pre-school children)
	No recommendation: - Morbid obesity.
Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post-partum women)	Recommended: - For all pregnant women at any stage during pregnancy.
	No recommendation: - Postpartum women if not vaccinated during pregnancy.
Healthcare workers	Recommended: - To all healthcare workers
Other occupational groups	Recommended: - Military; - Laboratory workers working in other laboratories (not medical/public health laboratories, but who may work with avian influenza viruses in the environmental/ academic sector); - For those working in veterinary services; - Poultry industry workers.
Population groups in closed communities	Recommended: - For residents of long-term care facilities.
	No recommendation: - For prisoners; - For children in day-care centres
Household contacts or carers of	No recommendation: - Infants <6months of age; - Immunosuppressed individuals; - Individuals with chronic medical conditions; - ≥65 years of age.

Payment mechanism for vaccine and its administration for the population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccine					
	For vaccine	For administration			
Overall population	na	na			
Healthy children and adolescents: ≥6 months - 23 months of age	Out of pocket	Out of pocket			
Older population groups (≥65 years of age) ^a	National insurance scheme	Out of pocket			
Chronic medical conditions groups (by each Chronic medical conditions group) ^a	National insurance scheme	Out of pocket			
Pregnancy related vaccination (including post- partum women) ^a	National insurance scheme	Out of pocket			
Health Care Workers (including staff of long stay care facilities) ^a	Employer	Employer			
Other occupational groups ^a	Employer	Employer			
Population groups in closed communities ^a	National insurance scheme	Out of pocket			
Household contacts or caregivers	na	na			

na: Not applicable

National insurance scheme: health contributions are paid to the insurance fund and then for this contribution there is a package of services received. It is not by default that you receive the services if you do not pay the insurance contributions.

National health service: taxes are paid by a citizen or resident of the country and this person is covered by the health service.

Out of pocket: not reimbursed, paid by receiver of vaccine.

^a There is no co-payment for vaccine.

Vaccination coverage rates

Vaccination coverage (%) in population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccination the from 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season by method of data collection (administrative and /or survey)

Population of	group					Influenz	a seasor	1			
		2008	8-09	2009	9-10	201	0-11	201:	1-12	2012	2-13
		Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.
Overall popula	ation	7.3	na	7.3	na	NA	na	4.89	na	4.3	na
Children/ adolescents	≥6 months - <5 years of age	0.7	na	0.8	na	0.5	na	0.3	na	0.2	na
	≥5 -18 years of age	1.1	na	1.2	na	0.5	na	0.5	na	0.4	na
Older populati ≥65 years of		26	na	22.1	na	18	na	16.2	na	15.2	na
Chronic medio	cal conditions	NA	na	na	na	NA	na	NA	na	NA	na
Pregnant won	nen ^a	-	-	-	-	2.4	na	1.3	na	1.4	na
HCWs			na		na	16.6	na	15.7	na	12.7	na
Staff in long s facilities ^b	tay care	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	na	NA	na
Residents in lo facilities b	ong stay care	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	na	NA	na

na: Not applicable
NA: Not available

^a Vaccine uptake is for patients who are between 6 months and 65 years in a clinical risk group. It includes pregnant women with other risk factors but excludes otherwise-healthy pregnant women and carers.

^b VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010-11 influenza season).

^c VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for staff and residents in long-stay care facilities for the influenza season 2011-12.

Figure 1. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among those ≥65 years of age from the 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season

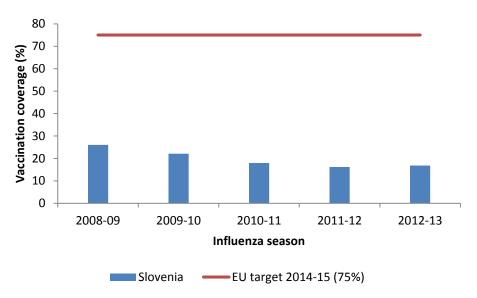
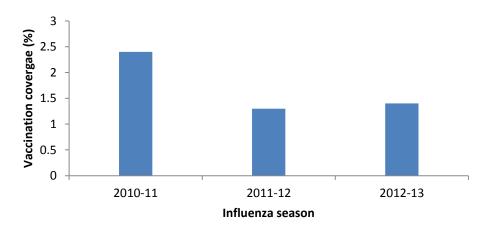
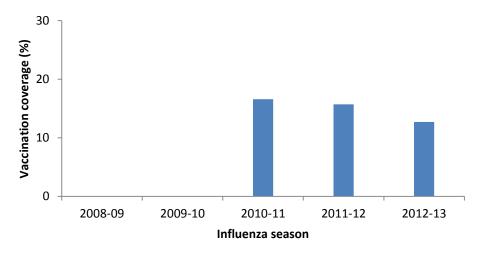


Figure 2. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among pregnant women from the 2010–11 to 2012–13 influenza season



Note: VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010–11 influenza season).

Figure 3. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among healthcare workers from the 2009–10 to the 2012–13 influenza season



Methods to monitor vaccination coverage, safety and effectiveness

Monitoring of vaccination coverage during the 2012–13 influenza season Method used to monitor influenza vaccination coverage Administrative method only

Method used (administrative, survey) to monitor vaccination coverage by population group		
Administrative	Survey	
Entire population; Children and adolescents; Adults: aged ≥65 years old; Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups); Pregnant women	na	

na: Not applicable

Details on administrative method used (medical records vs. immunisation registry; manual vs. electronic) by population group **Immunisation registry Medical records** Electronic Manual Electronic Manual Entire population; No No No Children and adolescents; Adults: aged ≥65 years old; Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups);

Numerator assessment				
Pharmaceutical data Administrative data Frequency of numerato assessment				
Not used	Aggregate collection of number of vaccinated persons	Annually: April		

Denominator assessment by population groups and data source		
Population group	Data source for population group	
Entire population	Used. National population registry	
Children and adolescents	Used. National population registry	
Adults	Used. National population registry	
Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups)	Not used	
Pregnant women	Not used	
Healthcare workers	Not used	
Essential public sector workers	Not used	
Prisoners	Not used	
Residents of long-term care institutions	Not used	
Educational institutions	Not used	
Other, please specify	Not used	

Details for survey method used for the 2012-13 influenza season					
Type of the survey Survey mode Sampling strategy Sample size					
na	na	na	na		

na: Not applicable

Vaccine safety monitoring (adverse events following immunisation AEFV)					
Data collected at the national and at the regional level	Data linkage with immunisation registry	Details collected	Status of reporting	AEFV reported to	
Yes	Not possible	case based data with a personal identifier and suspected symptoms should be reported	Mandatory	Register for AEFI at National Institute of Public Health	

Monitoring of influenza vaccine break-through ^a infections in vaccinated individuals					
Data collected at the national and at the regional level Data linkage with immunisation registry					
There is no such system na na					

na: Not applicable

Vaccine procurement and delivery

Influenza vaccine procurement and delivery, 2012-13 influenza season				
Number of doses				
Purchased Distributed Used				
140 755	121 491	88 000		

Type of vaccine/Product Name	Target groups
Trivalent inactivated no	on-adjuvanted vaccines (TIV)
Used.	
Sanofi Pasteur	Children and adolescents; Healthy adults; Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years); Those with medical condition/s; Pregnant women; Residents of long stay care facilities; Health Care Workers; Other occupational groups
Trivalent inactivated	adjuvanted vaccines (aTIV)
Not used	
Trivalent live attenu	nated nasal vaccine (LAIV)
Not used	
Quadrivalent attenu	nated nasal vaccine (LAIV)
Not used	
Quadrivalent inactivated	non-adjuvanted vaccine (QIV)
Not used	

^a Break-through infection is defined as laboratory-confirmed influenza infection >14 days after seasonal influenza vaccination in the current season (i.e. vaccine failure).

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination during the 2012–13 influenza season			
Promotion activities with the healthcare wo		Source of information (if yes)	
General public			
Yes		Leaflets; Website;	
Population over 65			
Yes		Leaflets; Website;	
Pregnant women			
Yes		Leaflets; Website;	
Chronic medical conditions			
Yes		Leaflets; Website;	
Healthcare workers			
Yes		Leaflets; Website;	
		I	

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influenza

Recommendations and/or guidelines (policy document) on antiviral use

Recommendations available

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influen season	za during the 2012–13 influenza		
Use of antivirals for <u>treatment</u> for in-patients and out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications			
For in-patients who:			
 have severe, complicated influenza-like illness (ILI); have progressive influenza-like illness; require hospitalisation due to influenza-like illness. 	Recommended		
For out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications on the basis of their age or underlying medical conditions:			
 Children < 2 years; Children < 5 years; Adults aged ≥65 years; Individuals belonging to risk groups. Women who are pregnant or postpartum (within 6 weeks after delivery); 	No recommendation		
- Residents of nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities.	Recommended		
Use of antivirals for <u>post-exposure</u> prophylaxis			
For family or other close contacts of a person at higher risk for influenza complications who have not been vaccinated with influenza vaccine at the time of exposure;	No recommendation		
For unvaccinated healthcare workers with occupational exposure and who did not use personal protective equipment at the time of exposure	No recommendation		
Use of antivirals for <u>pre-exposure</u> prophylaxis			
For individuals who are at high risk (e.g. severely immunosuppressed patients) for influenza-related complications who cannot otherwise be protected during times when a high risk for exposure exists	No recommendation		
Use of antivirals for <u>control of</u> influenza <u>outbreaks</u>			
For individuals in long-term care facilities/care for immunocompromised individuals if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	Recommended		
For unvaccinated healthcare staff who provide care to individuals at high risk of developing complications in long-term care facilities/ care for immunocompromised patients if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	No recommendation		
For all health care staff regardless of whether they received an influenza vaccination if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	No recommendation		
Prisoners	No recommendation		
Educational institutions	No recommendation		
Existence of antiviral resistance surveillance system			
Antiviral resistance surveillance system	There is no antiviral resistance surveillance system in place		

Country profiles are based on the <u>Seasonal Influenza Vaccination in Europe</u> report produced by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and the Vaccine European New Integrated Collaboration Effort III (VENICE III). The data are from the seasonal influenza vaccination survey for 2012–13 season in EU/EEA countries. During the validation process in June 2015, minor changes were introduced in some country profiles. Therefore, data may be different to those available in the report.