

Seasonal influenza vaccination programme country profile: Italy

2012-13 Season

Background information

Influenza immunisation polic	y and general facts about Italy
Volume indices of GDP per capita in 2011 and 2013 (EU-28=100) Source: Eurostat ^a	103 and 99 respectively
Health costs as % of GDP 2011 Source: Eurostat ^b	7.4%
Total population of the country, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c	59 433 744
Population ≥65, 2011 Source: Eurostat ^c	12 384 972 (20.8% from the total population)
Population with chronic medical conditions <65 years, 2006 Source: ECDC (based on methodology by Fleming and Eliot, 2006) ^d	4 907 000 (8.3% from the total population)
Number of live births in 2011 ^e	546 585 (0.9% from the total population)
National seasonal influenza recommendations (e.g. age and target group recommendations and guidelines)	Recommendations available
URL link to Immunisation Guidelines for Italy	http://www.salute.gov.it/portale/temi/p2_6.jsp?lingua=italiano&id=686&area=influenza&menu=vaccinazione
National Action Plan (NAP) as requested by EC	Plan not adopted
URL link to NAP	NA

NA: Not available

EUROSTAT links:

http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications/Publications/0808 GUI Priority Risk Groups for Influenza Vaccination.pdf (Fleming, D.M. and A.J. Elliot, Estimating the risk population in relation to influenza vaccination policy. 2006 May 15; 24(20):4378-85)

^aGDP per capita 2013 (accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/GDP per capita, consumption per capita and price level indices

bHealth expenditures 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/General government expenditure on social protection and health

^cTotal population and those > 65 years of age 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): https://ec.europa.eu/CensusHub2/intermediate.do?&method=forwardResult

^d Population with chronic medical conditions 2006:

e Number of live births in 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=tps00111&plugin=1

Seasonal influenza vaccination recommendations and payment mechanism for vaccination

Vaccination recommendations (population g	roups targeted by vaccination)
Overall population	No recommendation
Healthy children and adolescents	No recommendation
Older population groups: ≥65 years of age	Recommended
Chronic medical conditions	Recommended: - Pulmonary diseases, - Neurologic diseases, - Cardiovascular diseases, - Renal diseases, - Hepatic diseases, - Haematological disorders, - Metabolic disorders, - Immunosuppressed individuals, - HIV/AIDS, - Morbid obesity, - Long-term aspirin use (children <18 years).
Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post-partum women)	Recommended: - For all pregnant women at 2 nd and 3 rd trimester. No recommendation: - Postpartum women if not vaccinated during pregnancy.
Healthcare workers	Recommended: - For all healthcare workers
Other occupational groups	Recommended: - Police & Fire Service; - Military; - Border/Immigration control/ customs; - Laboratory workers working in other laboratories (not medical/public health laboratories, but who may work with avian influenza viruses in the environmental/ academic sector); - For those working in veterinary services; - Poultry and swine industry workers.
Population groups in closed communities	Recommended: - For residents of long- term care facilities; No recommendation: - For prisoners; - For children in day care centres
Household contacts or care receivers of:	Recommended: - Immunosuppressed individuals; - Individuals with chronic medical conditions; No recommendation: - Infants <6months of age; - ≥65 years of age.

Payment mechanism for vaccine and its administration for the population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccine				
	For vaccine	For administration		
Overall population	na	na		
Healthy children and adolescents	na	na		
Older population groups (≥65 years of age) ^a	National health service	National health service		
Chronic medical conditions groups (by group)a	National health service	National health service		
Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post- partum women) ^a	National health service	National health service		
Healthcare workers (including staff of long-stay care facilities) ^a	National health service	National health service		
Other occupational groups ^a	National health service	National health service		
Population groups in closed communities ^a	National health service	National health service		
Household contacts or care givers ^a	National health service	National health service		

na: Not applicable

National insurance scheme: health contributions are paid to the insurance fund and then for this contribution there is a package of services received. It is not by default that you receive the services if you do not pay the insurance contributions.

National health service: taxes are paid by a citizen or resident of the country and this person is covered by the health service.

Out of pocket: not reimbursed, paid by receiver of vaccine.

Vaccination coverage rates

Vaccination coverage (%) in population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccination the from 2008-09 to the 2012-13 influenza season by method of data collection (administrative and /or survey)

Population group	Influenza season									
	2008	3-09	2009	9–10	2010)–11	201	L-12	2012	2–13
	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.
Overall population	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Children/adolescents	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Older population groups: ≥65 years of age	66.3	na	65.6	na	62.4	na	62.7	na	54.2	na
Chronic medical conditions groups	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Pregnant women a	-	-	-	-	na	na	na	na	na	na
Healthcare workers	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Staff in long-stay care facilities ^b	-	-	-	-	-	-	na	na	na	na
Residents in long stay care facilities ^b	-	-	-	-	-	-	na	na	na	na

na: Not applicable

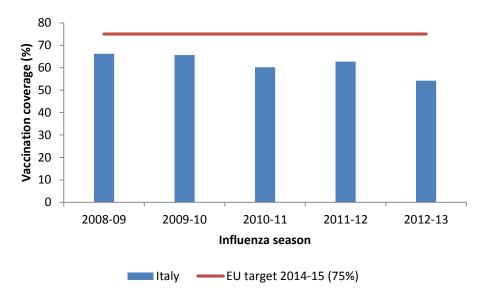
NA: Not available

^a No co-payment for vaccine and vaccine administration.

^a VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010-11 influenza season).

^b VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for staff and residents in long-stay care facilities for the influenza season 2011-12.

Figure 1. Seasonal influenza vaccination coverage among those ≥65 years of age from the 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season



Methods to monitor vaccination coverage, safety and effectiveness

Monitoring of vaccination coverage during the 2012-13 influenza season			
Method used to monitor influenza vaccination coverage			
Administrative method only			

Method used (administrative, survey) to monitor vaccination coverage by population group			
Administrative	Survey		
Adults: aged =65">=65 years old; Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups); Essential public sector workers; Residents of long term care institutions; Household contact/Carer of: Immunosuppressed individuals; Persons with clinical risk indication.	na		

na: Not applicable

Details on administrative method used (medical records vs. immunisation registry; manual vs. electronic) by population group				
	Medical records	Immunis	ation registry	
Manual	Electronic	Manual	Electronic	
No	No	Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups); Essential public sector workers; Residents of long term care; Household contact/Carer of: Immunosuppressed individuals; Persons with clinical risk indication.	No	

Numerator assessment				
Pharmaceutical data	Administrative data	Frequency of numerator assessment		
Not used	Aggregate collection of number of vaccines administered	Twice during the season: 31st of January and 15th of April		

Denominator assessment by population groups and data source			
Population group	Data source for population group		
Entire population	Used. National central statistical data		
Children and adolescents	Used. National Bureau of Statistics		
Adults	Used. National Bureau of Statistics		
Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups)	Not used		
Pregnant women	Not used		
Health care workers	Not used		
Essential public sector workers	Not used		
Prisoners	Not used		
Residents of long term care institutions	Not used		
Educational institutions	Not used		
Other	Not used		

Details for survey method used for the 2012-13 influenza season				
Type of the survey Survey mode Sampling strategy Sample size				
na	na	na	na	

na: Not applicable

Scientific studies conducted for vaccination coverage; vaccine safety and vaccine effectiveness

Effectiveness: https://sites.google.com/site/epiflu/

Vaccine safety monitoring (adverse events following immunisation AEFV)					
Data collected at the national and at the regional level	Data linkage with immunisation registry	Details collected	Status of reporting	AEFV reported to	
Yes	national level; possible at the	Case based data including age, sex and suspected symptoms should be reported	Not mandatory	na	

na: Not applicable

Monitoring of influenza vaccine break-through ^a infections in vaccinated individuals				
Data collected Data linkage with immunisation Details collected registry				
There is no such system	na	na		

na: Not applicable

^a Break-through infection is defined as laboratory-confirmed influenza infection >14 days after seasonal influenza vaccination in the current season (i.e. vaccine failure).

Vaccine procurement and delivery

Influenza vaccine procurement and delivery, 2012-13 influenza season			
Number of doses			
Purchased	Distributed	Used	
NK	NK	8 825 063	

NK: Not known

Type of vaccine/Product Name	Target groups	
Trivalent inactivated non-adjuvanted vaccines (TIV)		
Used		
Abbott; GlaxoSmithKline; Sanofi Pasteur; Novartis (non adjuvanted); Kedrion	Children and adolescents; Healthy adults; Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years); Those with medical condition/s; Pregnant women; Residents of long stay care facilities; Health Care Workers; Other occupational groups	
Trivalent inactiv	rated adjuvanted vaccines (aTIV)	
Crucell (virosomal vaccines); Novartis (adjuvanted/Squalene (MF59)	Children and adolescents; Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years)	
Trivalent live a	ttenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV)	
Not used		
Quadrivalent a	ttenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV)	
Not used		
Quadrivalent inactivated non-adjuvanted vaccine (QIV)		
Not used		

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination during the 2012-13 influenza season				
Promotion activities with the general public and healthcare workers	Source of information (if yes)			
General public				
Yes	Radio; TV; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website			
Populati	on over 65			
Yes	Radio; TV; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website			
Pregna	nt women			
Yes	Radio; TV; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website			
Chronic med	ical conditions			
Yes	Radio; TV; Newspapers; Leaflets; Posters; Website			
Healthcare workers				
Yes	Leaflets; Posters; Website; Professional medical societies; National medical publications.			

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influenza

Recommendations and/or guidelines (policy document) on antiviral use

There are no such recommendations.

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influent season	za during the 2012–13 influenza			
Use of antivirals for treatment for in-patients and out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications For in-patients who:				
For out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications on the basis of their age or underlying medical conditions:				
 Children < 2 years; Children < 5 years; Adults aged ≥65 years; Individuals belonging to risk groups. Women who are pregnant or postpartum (within 6 weeks after delivery). Residents of nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities. 	na			
Use of antivirals for <u>post-exposure</u> prophy	laxis			
For family or other close contacts of a person at higher risk for influenza complications who have not been vaccinated with influenza vaccine at the time of exposure;	na			
For unvaccinated healthcare workers with occupational exposure and who did not use personal protective equipment at the time of exposure	na			
Use of antivirals for <u>pre-exposure</u> prophylaxis				
For individuals who are at high risk (e.g. severely immunosuppressed patients) for influenza-related complications who cannot otherwise be protected during times when a high risk for exposure exists	na			
Use of antivirals for <u>control of</u> influenza <u>outbreaks</u>				
For individuals in long-term care facilities/care for immunocompromised individuals if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	na			
For unvaccinated healthcare staff who provide care to individuals at high risk of developing complications in long-term care facilities/ care for immunocompromised patients if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	na			
For all health care staff regardless of whether they received an influenza vaccination if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	na			
Prisoners	na			
Educational institutions	na			
Existence of antiviral resistance surveillance system				
Antiviral resistance surveillance system	There is an antiviral resistance surveillance system in place			

na: Not applicable

Country profiles are based on the <u>Seasonal Influenza Vaccination in Europe</u> report produced by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and the Vaccine European New Integrated Collaboration Effort III (VENICE III). The data are from the seasonal influenza vaccination survey for 2012–13 season in EU/EEA countries. During the validation process in June 2015, minor changes were introduced in some country profiles. Therefore, data may be different to those available in the report.