

# Seasonal influenza vaccination programme country profile: Cyprus

#### 2012-13 Season

### **Background information**

Influenza immunisation pol	icy and general facts about Cyprus
Volume indices of GDP per capita in 2011 and 2013 (EU-28=100) Source: Eurostat <sup>a</sup>	96 and 89 respectively
Health costs as % of GDP 2011 Source: Eurostat <sup>b</sup>	3.4%
Total population of the country, 2011 Source: Eurostat <sup>c</sup>	840 407
Population ≥65, 2011 Source: Eurostat <sup>c</sup>	111 852 (13.3% from the total population)
Population with chronic medical conditions <65 years, 2006 Source: ECDC (based on methodology by Fleming and Eliot, 2006) <sup>d</sup>	65 000 (7.7% from the total population)
Number of live births in 2011e	9 622 (1.1% from the total population)
National seasonal influenza recommendations (e.g. age and target group recommendations and guidelines)	Recommendations available
URL link to Immunisation Guidelines for Cyprus	NA
National Action Plan (NAP) as requested by EC	Plan is under development
URL link to NAP	na

na: Not applicable NA: Not available EUROSTAT links:

<sup>a</sup>GDP per capita 2013 (accessed 15.12.2014): <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/GDP">http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/GDP</a> per capita, consumption per capita and price level indices

<sup>b</sup>Health expenditures 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): <a href="http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/General government expenditure on social protection and health">http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php/General government expenditure on social protection and health</a>

<sup>c</sup>Total population and those > 65 years of age 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): <u>https://ec.europa.eu/CensusHub2/intermediate.do?&method=forwardResult</u>

<sup>d</sup> Population with chronic medical conditions 2006: <a href="http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications/Publications/0808">http://www.ecdc.europa.eu/en/publications/Publications/0808</a> GUI Priority Risk Groups for Influenza Vaccinatio on.pdf (Fleming, D.M. and A.J. Elliot, Estimating the risk population in relation to influenza vaccination policy. 2006 May 15; 24(20):4378-85)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup> Number of live births in 2011(accessed 15.12.2014): http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/tgm/table.do?tab=table&init=1&language=en&pcode=tps00111&plugin=1

# Seasonal influenza vaccination recommendations and payment mechanism for vaccination

Vaccination recommendations (population g	roups targeted by vaccination)
Overall population	No recommendation
Healthy children and adolescents	No recommendation
Older population groups: ≥65 years of age <sup>a</sup>	Recommended
Chronic medical conditions	Recommended:  - Pulmonary diseases, - Neurologic diseases, - Cardiovascular diseases, - Renal diseases, - Hepatic diseases, - Haematological disorders, - Metabolic disorders, - Immunosuppressed individuals, - HIV/AIDS, - Morbid obesity, - Long-term aspirin use (children <18 years).
Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post-partum women)	Recommended: - For all pregnant women in the second and third trimester only.  No recommendation: - Postpartum women if not vaccinated during pregnancy.
Healthcare workers	Recommended: - To all healthcare workers
Other occupational groups	Recommended: - For those working in veterinary services; - Poultry and swine industry workers.
Population groups in closed communities	Recommended: - For residents of long- term care facilities;
	No recommendation:
Household contacts or carers of	Recommended:
	No recommendation: - Infants <6months of age - ≥65 years of age

	For vaccine	For administration
Overall population	na	na
Healthy children and adolescents	na	na
Older population groups (≥65 years of age) <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Out of pocket	National health service; Out of pocket; Private insurance
Chronic medical conditions groups (by group) <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Out of pocket; Private insurance	National health service; Out of pocket; Private insurance
Pregnancy-related vaccination (including post- partum women) <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Out of pocket; Private insurance;	National health service; Out of pocket; Private insurance;
Healthcare workers (including staff of long-stay care facilities) <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket
Other occupational groups <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket
Population groups in closed communities <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket
Household contacts or care givers <sup>a</sup>	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket;	National health service; Private insurance; Out of pocket;

na: Not applicable

**National insurance scheme**: health contributions are paid to the insurance fund and then for this contribution there is a package of services received. It is not by default that you receive the services if you do not pay the insurance contributions.

**National health service**: taxes are paid by a citizen or resident of the country and this person is covered by the health service.

Out of pocket: not reimbursed, paid by receiver of vaccine.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> There is a co-payment in cases they are eligible to "free" health care by the public. The others pay out of pocket or by private insurances.

### **Vaccination coverage rates**

Vaccination coverage (%) in population groups targeted by seasonal influenza vaccination the from 2008–09 to the 2012–13 influenza season by method of data collection (administrative and/or survey)

Population group	Influenza season									
	2008	-09	2009	-10	2010	-11	2011	-12	2012-	13
	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.	Admin.	Surv.
Overall population	11.8	na	16.1	na	11.9	na	12.05	na	NA	na
Children/adolescents	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na	na
Older population groups: ≥65 years of age	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Chronic medical conditions groups	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Pregnant women a	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Healthcare workers	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
Staff in long-stay care facilities <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA
Residents in long stay care facilities <sup>b</sup>	-	-	-	-	-	-	NA	NA	NA	NA

na: Not applicable

NA: Not available

## Methods to monitor vaccination coverage, safety and effectiveness

# Monitoring of vaccination coverage during the 2012–13 influenza season Method used to monitor influenza vaccination coverage Administrative method only

Method used (administrative, survey) to monitor vaccination coverage by population group				
Administrative	Survey			
Do not monitor vaccination coverage in any population groups recommended vaccine (e.g. ≥65 years of age; those with chronic medical conditions; pregnant women, healthcare workers)	na			

na: Not applicable

Details on administrative method used (medical records vs. immunisation registry; manual vs. electronic) by population group					
	Medical records Immunisation registry				
Manual	Electronic	Manual	Electronic		
na	na	na	na		

na: Not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Vaccine uptake is for patients who are between 6 months and 65 years in a clinical risk group. It includes pregnant women with other risk factors but excludes otherwise-healthy pregnant women and carers.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for pregnant women after the A(H1N1)pdm09 (2010-11 influenza season).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup> VENICE started to collect vaccination coverage data for staff and residents in long-stay care facilities for the influenza season 2011-12.

Numerator assessment				
Pharmaceutical data	Administrative data	Frequency of numerator assessment		
Vaccine distribution data from national purchaser-entire population; Vaccine data by sales and distribution from pharmacies- entire population.	Aggregate collection of number of vaccines distributed (national purchaser); Aggregate collection of number of vaccines sales (private pharmacies)	Once, at the end of influenza season		

Denominator assessment by population groups and data source			
Population group	Data source for population group		
Entire population	National central statistical data		
Children and adolescents	Not used		
Adults	Not used		
Individuals with medical/risk conditions (clinical risk groups)	Not used		
Pregnant women	Not used		
Healthcare workers	Not used		
Essential public sector workers	Not used		
Prisoners	Not used		
Residents of long-term care institutions	Not used		
Educational institutions	Not used		
Other, please specify	Not used		

Details for survey method used for the 2012–13 influenza season					
Type of the survey Survey mode Sampling strategy Sample size					
na	na	na	na		

na: Not applicable

Vaccine safety monitoring (adverse events following immunisation AEFV)					
Data collected at the national and at the regional level	Data linkage with immunisation registry	Details collected	Status of reporting	AEFV reported to	
Yes	Possible	Yes, case based data with a personal identifier and suspected symptoms should be reported	Mandatory	To the Pharmaceutical services of the MoH	

Monitoring of influenza vaccine break-through <sup>a</sup> infections in vaccinated individuals				
Data collected at the national and at the regional level Data linkage with immunisation registry				
There is no such system				

na: Not applicable

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Break-through infection is defined as laboratory-confirmed influenza infection >14 days after seasonal influenza vaccination in the current season (i.e. vaccine failure).

## **Vaccine procurement and delivery**

Influenza vaccine procurement and delivery, 2012–13 influenza season				
Number of doses				
Purchased	Distributed	Used		
91 640	76 708	76 708		

Type of vaccine/Product N	ame Target groups	
Trivalent inactivated non-adjuvanted vaccines (TIV)		
Used		
Sanofi Pasteur; GlaxoSmithKline <sup>a</sup>	Those with medical condition/s; Older adults (e.g. ≥60/65 years); Pregnant women; Health Care Workers	
Trivalent	inactivated adjuvanted vaccines (aTIV)	
Not used		
Trivale	t live attenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV)	
Not used		
Quadri	alent attenuated nasal vaccine (LAIV)	
Not used		
Quadrivalen	inactivated non-adjuvanted vaccine (QIV)	
Not used		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Sanofi Pasteur product procured by national agency; we believe that GSK (Fluarix) was procured privately by some pharmacies for private patients.

## **Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination**

Promoting seasonal influenza vaccination during the 2012-13 influenza season			
Promotion activities with the general public and healthcare workers	Source of information (if yes)		
General public			
No	na		
Population over 65			
Yes	TV; Newspapers; Leaflets;		
Pregnant women			
Yes	TV; Newspapers; Leaflets;		
Chronic medical conditions			
Yes	TV; Newspapers; Leaflets;		
Healthcare workers			
Yes	Leaflets; Other: Letter from the Ministry of Health to all health care professionals		

na: Not applicable

# Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influenza

#### Recommendations and/or guidelines (policy document) on antiviral use

Recommendations available

Use of antiviral agents for treatment and chemoprophylaxis of influences	za during the 2012–13 influenza			
Use of antivirals for <u>treatment</u> for in-patients and out-patients who a influenza complications	are at higher risk of developing			
For in-patients who:				
<ul><li>have severe, complicated influenza-like illness (ILI);</li><li>have progressive influenza-like illness;</li></ul>	Recommended			
- require hospitalisation due to influenza-like illness.	No recommendation			
For out-patients who are at higher risk of developing influenza complications on the basis of their age or underlying medical conditions:				
<ul> <li>Adults aged ≥65 years;</li> <li>Individuals belonging to risk groups.</li> <li>Residents of nursing homes and other chronic-care facilities.</li> </ul>	Recommended			
<ul> <li>Women who are pregnant or postpartum (within 6 weeks after delivery);</li> <li>Children &lt; 2 years;</li> <li>Children &lt; 5 years.</li> </ul>	No recommendation			
Use of antivirals for <u>post-exposure</u> prophylaxis				
For family or other close contacts of a person at higher risk for influenza complications who have not been vaccinated with influenza vaccine at the time of exposure;	Recommended			
For unvaccinated healthcare workers with occupational exposure and who did not use personal protective equipment at the time of exposure	No recommendation			
Use of antivirals for <u>pre-exposure</u> prophyl	axis			
For individuals who are at high risk (e.g. severely immunosuppressed patients) for influenza-related complications who cannot otherwise be protected during times when a high risk for exposure exists	No recommendation			
Use of antivirals for <u>control of</u> influenza <u>outbreaks</u>				
For individuals in long-term care facilities/care for immunocompromised individuals if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	Recommended			
For unvaccinated healthcare staff who provide care to individuals at high risk of developing complications in long-term care facilities/ care for immunocompromised patients if not vaccinated or if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	Recommended			
For all health care staff regardless of whether they received an influenza vaccination if the circulating influenza strain does not match the vaccine strains	No recommendation			
Prisoners	No recommendation			
Educational institutions	No recommendation			
Existence of antiviral resistance surveillance system				
Antiviral resistance surveillance system	There is no antiviral resistance surveillance system in place			

Country profiles are based on the <u>Seasonal Influenza Vaccination in Europe</u> report produced by the European Centre for Disease Prevention and Control (ECDC) and the Vaccine European New Integrated Collaboration Effort III (VENICE III). The data are from the seasonal influenza vaccination survey for 2012–13 season in EU/EEA countries. During the validation process in June 2015, minor changes were introduced in some country profiles. Therefore, data may be different to those available in the report.