Progress towards the Sustainable Development Goal 3.3 (SDG)

SDG target 3.3 aims to end a range of communicable diseases, including HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, viral hepatitis, and sexually transmitted infections. How is the EU/EEA progressing?

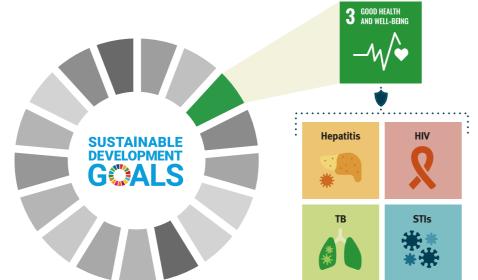


What are the SDGs?

SDGs are a collection of 17 global goals adopted by all United Nations Member States. They are designed to be a 'blueprint to achieve a better and more sustainable future for all.'

SDG 3 relates to health and is one of ECDC's key focus areas. It aims to ensure healthly lives and promote wellbeing for all.

Within the health goal, 3.3 focuses on communicable diseases. ECDC shares the SDG ambition to end the epidemics of HIV and TB and to combat hepatitis and STIs.



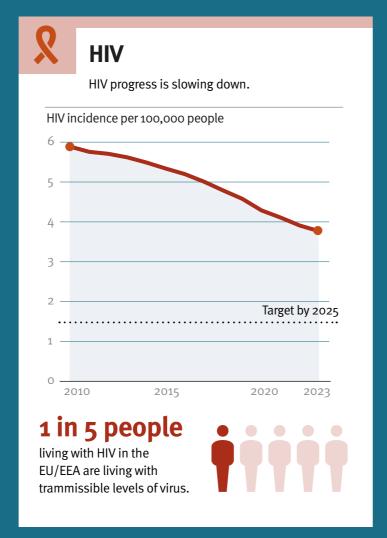
Tuberculosis TB is still a threat The goal is to reduce TB incidence to 50% of what it was in 2015. of people starting TB treatment were So far incidence has only reduced successfully treated. The target is 90%. 50% Target by 2025 90% Target by 2025:

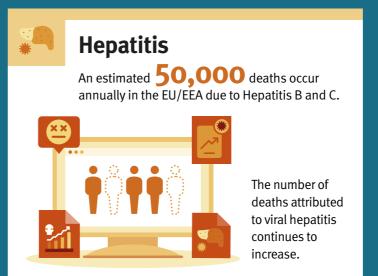
Challenges

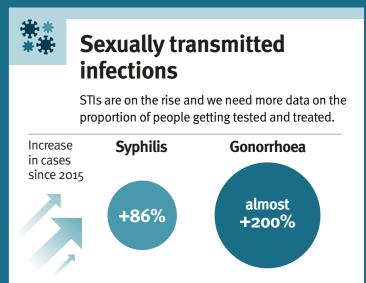
The majority of EU/EEA countries are not on track to reach targets.



We will need to act to ensure we hit our 2030 reduction targets.

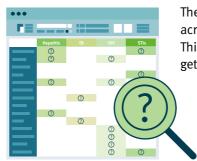






The underlying issues

Lack of information



There are data gaps across the EU/EEA. This makes it hard to get a complete picture.

Obstacles to testing, treatment and prevention

We need to scale up prevention interventions, and expand integrated testing and treatment services.



