



TESSy - The European Surveillance System

Antimicrobial consumption (AMC) reporting protocol 2020

**European Surveillance of Antimicrobial Consumption Network
(ESAC-Net) surveillance data for 2019**

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How to use this document

This Reporting Protocol provides information for the countries' data managers on how to report antimicrobial consumption (AMC) data, in three main sections:

- [Reporting to TESSy](#) – contains guidelines on how to prepare data for submission to TESSy, deadlines, subject-specific information (e.g. new changes to metadata), and links to further information.
- [Annex 1](#) – contains:
 - The metadata set for the subject(s) covered by this Reporting Protocol;
 - A history of previous AMC metadata changes.
- [Annex 2](#) – contains AMC-specific material relevant for distribution with the Reporting Protocol, for example:
 - Reporting ESAC-Net data;
 - Reporting combined products;
 - Reporting liquid pharmaceutical form;
 - ATC and DDD updates;
 - Examples.

Introduction

ESAC-Net

The European Surveillance of Antimicrobial Consumption Network (ESAC-Net) is a Europe-wide network of national surveillance systems, providing European reference data on antimicrobial consumption. In 2020, ESAC-Net collects and analyses 2019 surveillance data on antimicrobial consumption from EU/EEA countries and the United Kingdom, both in the community and in the hospital sector.

The specific objectives of ESAC-Net are:

- To validate antimicrobial consumption data from the community (primary care) and the hospital sector derived from national surveillance networks, including data from the national drug registers;
- To analyse trends in antimicrobial consumption overall and for different ATC groups, as well as provide comparisons between countries and regions;
- To make information on antimicrobial consumption in Europe publicly accessible through ESAC-Net interactive database.

ESAC-Net covers all EU/EEA countries in agreement with Decision 1082/2013/EU of the European Parliament and the Council of 22 October 2013 on serious cross-border threats to health.

Under ESAC-Net surveillance are the following antimicrobials:

- Antibacterials for systemic use (ATC therapeutic subgroup J01);
- Antimycotics for systemic use (ATC therapeutic subgroup J02);
- Antifungals for systemic use (ATC chemical subgroup D01BA);
- Drugs for treatment of tuberculosis (ATC pharmacological subgroup J04A);
- Antivirals for systemic use (ATC therapeutic subgroup J05);
- Nitroimidazole derivatives used orally and rectally as antiprotozoals (ATC chemical subgroup P01AB);

- Intestinal antiinfectives (ATC chemical subgroup A07AA)
(All ATC codes should be reported including vancomycin used orally as intestinal antiinfectives).

Antimicrobial consumption (AMC) data sources are either national sales or reimbursement data, including information from national drug registers. WHO Anatomical Therapeutic Chemical (ATC) classification system is used for allocation of antimicrobials into groups. National reference data are preferably collected at the medicinal product level. Preferred units of measurement are number of DDDs. Main indicators describing antimicrobial consumption are number of DDDs per 1 000 inhabitants per day.

The technical platform for web-based data submission, data storage and dissemination is The European Surveillance System (TESSy).

Data covering the period 1997-2009 were uploaded into TESSy after termination of the ESAC project using the historical project database that was transferred from the University of Antwerp to ECDC.

This is reporting protocol for the 2020 data call for antimicrobial AMC surveillance data in 2019.

The Reporting Protocol is supplemented by the [Technical Annex](#) at the TESSy homepage which contains updated generic information for each data collection.

Because reporting countries' data managers sometimes play multiple roles, in addition to AMC metadata set displayed in [Annex 1](#), subject-specific material is included in [Annex 2](#).

AMC metadata changes 2020

Annual updates of the WHO Collaborating Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology (2020 ATC/DDD index) are shown in Tables 19 to 22 ([Annex 2](#)).

The following metadata changes had been agreed with the ESAC-Net Disease Network Coordination Committee. They were implemented following a consultation and approval by the ECDC National Focal Points for Surveillance during the annual metadata revision process.

Table 1: Implemented changes in record types for Antimicrobial Consumption (AMC) in 2020

Variables	Description												
AMC and AMCLIGHT record types: ATCCode	<p>The coded values 'unclassified' at the ATC 4th level ending with 99 are no more reportable (e.g. J01CA99 unclassified)</p> <p>These coded values refer to the beginning of the ESAC project when not all antimicrobial consumed in participating countries had been allocated an ATC code.</p>												
AMCLIGHT record type: CombinedProduct	<p>The variable is now mandatory. Reporting which combined product of the ATC 5 code is consumed as defined by the ATC/DDD index is essential for validation of ESAC-Net antimicrobial consumption data analyses. It is prerequisite when consumption is expressed in weight units; e.g. in mg/kg human biomass for comparisons with veterinarian antimicrobial consumption (see also Tab. 22 and examples provided how to report combined products on page 51).</p> <p>Practical example: Antimicrobial consumption of ATC J01EE</p> <table><tr><th>ATCCode</th><th>CombinedProduct</th><th>no of DDDs</th></tr><tr><td>J01EE01</td><td>J01EE01_1</td><td>34567</td></tr><tr><td>J01EE01</td><td>J01EE01_2</td><td>89234</td></tr><tr><td>J01EE01</td><td>J01EE01_3</td><td>234</td></tr></table>	ATCCode	CombinedProduct	no of DDDs	J01EE01	J01EE01_1	34567	J01EE01	J01EE01_2	89234	J01EE01	J01EE01_3	234
ATCCode	CombinedProduct	no of DDDs											
J01EE01	J01EE01_1	34567											
J01EE01	J01EE01_2	89234											
J01EE01	J01EE01_3	234											

Based on the experience from previous data calls, it is important to reiterate that when reporting antimicrobial consumption for **combined products** in the standard version as national registry data (record type AMC) and number of packages consumed (record type AMC&Packages), the unit of measurement needs to be reported as UD (unit dose) and not as a weight (g). When the unit of measurement is not reported as UD, TESSy validation rules will make it impossible for TESSy to calculate the number of DDD per 1000 inhabitants per day.

On page 44, the list of DDDs for all combined products in TESSy (Table 22) is now showing the **necessary information for conversion into weight per one DDD**. This aims at facilitating the reporting the **variable WEIGHT** via the light version (record type AMCLIGHT).

In 2019, the ATC/DDD index included several updates with DDD alterations for nine frequently consumed antimicrobial agents ([WHO Collaborating Centre, Annual Epidemiological ESAC-Net report 2018](#)). TESSy manually updated the reported aggregated DDD number for all historical ESAC-Net data, i.e. for all years before 2019 for which countries had reported antimicrobial consumption data via AMCLIGHT.

Summary of the TESSy AMC data upload and validation process

1. The national data manager revises and compiles the data from national sales and/or reimbursement databases.
2. The nominated national focal point for antimicrobial surveillance or the national operational contact point with TESSy rights to upload and/or approve data uploads the compiled data into TESSy. At the end of this process, the complete uploaded file is saved in a specific environment which is different from the one used to generate the online reports.
3. TESSy provides a validation report to the country user for approval. This report shows the correctness of the data uploaded based on the validation rules defined in the ESAC-Net metadata. At this stage, neither the calculation nor the volume of DDD reported is validated. The country user checks the validation report and approves or rejects the uploaded file.
4. After approval by the country user, the file is automatically transferred into the TESSy data warehouse where the number of DDDs per 1 000 inhabitants per day are calculated for each ATC substance and each sector. At this stage the data are available in the TESSy online reports for antimicrobial consumption and can be downloaded by the country user. These online reports are automatically refreshed at least every hour. The outputs (maps, graphs and tables) of TESSy online reports are produced with the same methods and programmes used for the final reports and web application outputs.
5. The user should validate the figures shown in the TESSy online reports. The reports contain detailed results for the country referring down to the ATC 5th level. Additionally, the contact points who uploaded the data will receive via email a comparative summary of the data including data from the previous six years.
6. It is important that the user informs the ESAC-Net experts at ECDC via email on the status of the data to avoid ECDC using incorrect data.
7. In case mistakes are found or records must be updated the user should repeat all previous reporting steps.

Annual ESAC-Net data collection

The complete calendar year is the temporal basis for data reporting and analysis.

The annual national consumption data derived from sales or reimbursement data can be reported:

- Either using the record type AMC\$PACKAGES to report all consumed packages at the product level based on the national registry data that must be provided simultaneously in the parent record type AMC. The number of DDDs will subsequently be calculated by TESSy. This is the preferred option.
- or using the record type AMCLIGHT for reporting aggregated numbers of defined daily doses (DDDs) at the ATC substance level.

Denominator data (record type AMCDENOM) and information on the data source for antimicrobial consumption data (record type AMCDS) must be reported whatever option is chosen to report consumption data.

Overview of AMC data collection and analysis

Following data management at country level, antimicrobial consumption data from both healthcare sectors (community and hospital) are uploaded in defined datasets as described in [Figure 1](#).

The datasets to be uploaded comprise the three subjects AMC, AMCDENOM and AMCDS for each healthcare sector.

Figure 1: Overview of ESAC-Net metadata for each data source.

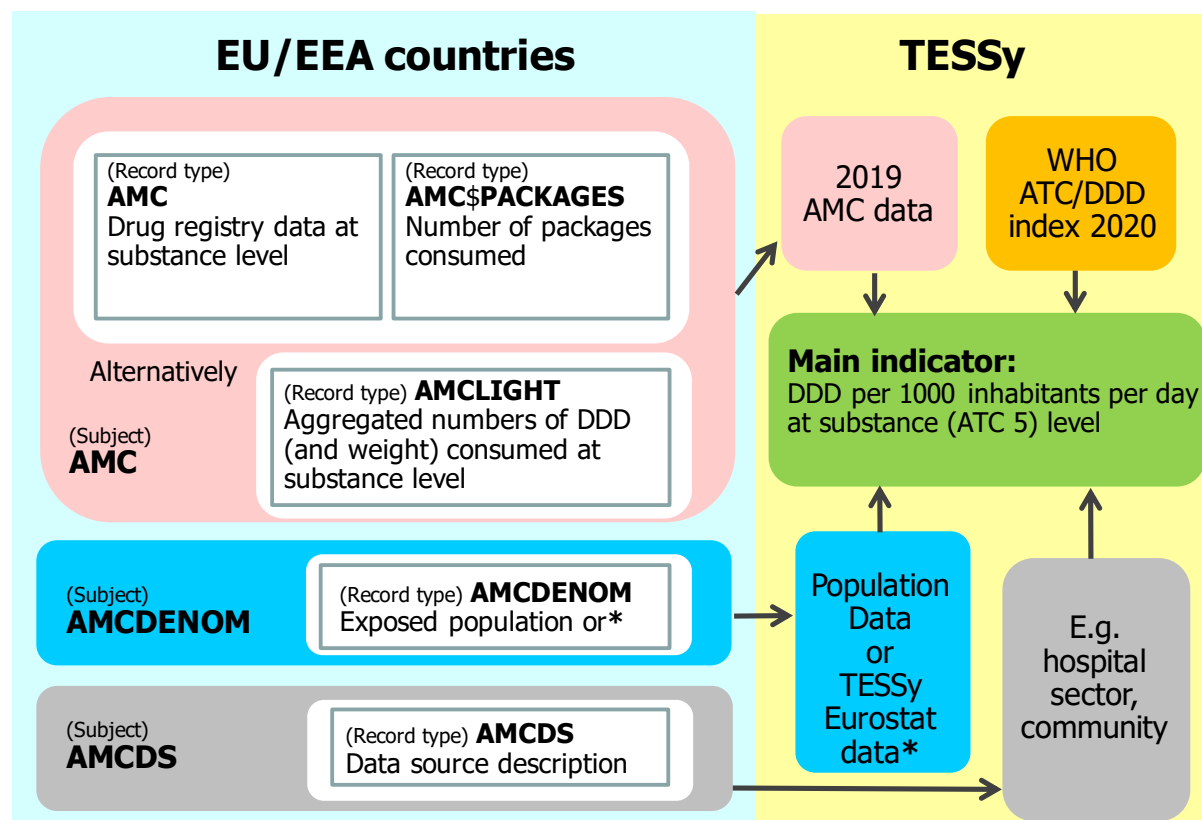


Figure 1 illustrates that different datasets for the subjects AMC, AMCDENOM and AMCDS must be uploaded from different data sources. For antimicrobial consumption, the preferred option is to provide data at the medicinal product level (record types AMC and AMC\$PACKAGES), or alternatively aggregated data at the substance level (record type AMCLIGHT). Data on the denominator/population (record type AMCDENOM) and on data sources (record type AMCDS) must always be provided.

Denominator data (subject AMCDENOM with record type AMCDENOM) and description of the data source (subject AMCDS with record type AMCDS) are essential to enable TESSy to calculate the number of DDDs per 1 000 inhabitants per day and produce online reports. Uploading data only for the subject AMC (record types AMC and AMC\$PACKAGES, or record type AMCLIGHT) is not sufficient.

There are four possible situations depending on whether the country provides data at medicinal product level (preferred option) or at the substance level, and on whether the country uses Eurostat or its own population data:

- Countries providing data at the medicinal product level and using Eurostat data must provide three datasets (record types AMC, AMC\$PACKAGES and AMCDS);
- Countries providing data at the medicinal product level and using their own denominator data must provide four datasets (record types AMC, AMC\$PACKAGES, AMCDENOM and AMCDS);
- Countries providing data at the ATC substance level and using Eurostat data must provide two datasets (record types AMCLIGHT and AMCDS);
- Countries providing data directly at the ATC substance level and using their own denominator data must provide three datasets (record types AMCLIGHT, AMCDENOM and AMCDS).

TESSy will use the least level of detail common between AMC and AMCDENOM subjects for reporting. For example, if consumption was reported by age and gender, but population was only reported overall for the whole country, then TESSy will aggregate consumption data before reporting.

Following successful upload of data, TESSy users have access to the TESSy online reports. Based on these TESSy reports and following consultations with MS, ECDC publishes an annual chapter (HTML report) on antimicrobial consumption in Europe in ECDC's Annual Epidemiological Report.

Finding further information



Paragraphs denoted by the information icon tell where you can find further information.

Updated links to all the schedules, documentation and training materials mentioned in this Reporting Protocol are included in the **Technical Annex**, (accessible at the TESSy homepage with restricted access) including:

- Metadata sets and history.
- Tutorials for data transformation using respectively Excel and Access.
- TESSy user documentation.
- CSV and XML transport protocols.
- On country request, ECDC will offer webinars: ca 2hrs online teleseminars, and an individual coaching how to upload data to TESSy, incl. latest metadata changes etc. The webinars can be requested by the National focal points and will be available for the data managers in charge of uploading national consumption data.

Reporting to TESSy

This section provides an overview of the TESSy reporting process and tips on where you can find useful information.

Important steps:

1. [Data collection schedule](#)
2. [Prepare \(export and transform\) your data.](#)
3. [Check that your data complies with the metadata.](#)
4. [Check that your data source profile is up-to-date.](#)
5. [Submit your file\(s\) to TESSy.](#)
6. [Finalise and approve your submission.](#)

Data collection schedule

National reference data for antimicrobial consumption can only be reported once for one year, using AMC (preferred) or AMCLIGHT record type. Data from the community (primary care) and hospital sector should be reported separately. Reporting total care data is acceptable only if the data cannot be subdivided by sector.


The collection of 2018 antimicrobial consumption data in TESSy starts in March 2019 and closes on 30 June 2019. After this date, the ECDC experts will subject the data to a final cleaning and validation before analysing them. Data submitted after data collection closure are not guaranteed to be included in the 2018 ESAC-Net data outputs on the occasion of the European Antibiotic Awareness Day (EAAD) in November 2019 and in the HTML reports at the ECDC website summarising the 2018 ESAC-Net data.

The uploaded 2018 ESAC-Net data will be released via the [ESAC-Net database](#) at the ECDC website on the occasion of the EAAD 2019.

 An updated link to the current data collections schedule is provided in the [Technical Annex](#).

Preparing data

After you have exported the data from your national database, you need to ensure that the data are in a format that TESSy can accept. This applies both to the type of file submitted to TESSy (only CSV and XML files can be submitted) and to the format of the data in certain fields.

 Tutorials covering how you can transform your data to the correct TESSy format using Excel or Access are available on [the TESSy documents website](#). Information on the file formats is available in the CSV Transport Protocol and XML Transport Protocol.

Checking metadata

TESSy metadata define the fields and data formats that are valid as input to TESSy for a given subject.

As requirements to the data to be shared among TESSy users change, the data changes needed to support the new requirements, identified and agreed upon between the National Surveillance Contact Points, the Network Coordination Groups and ECDC's Disease Experts, and then implemented as changes to the TESSy metadata.

In order to ensure that your data can be saved correctly in TESSy, you therefore need to check that your data are correctly formatted according to the most recent metadata set.

Changes to the metadata for the subject of this Reporting Protocol are described in:

- [Changes to current metadata](#) – changes since the last Reporting Protocol.
- [AMC metadata change history](#) - all preceding changes.

It is especially important to focus on:

- **Field formats**


Many fields require that data are formatted in a specific way. For example, dates must be in the YYYY-MM-DD format; dates in the DD/MM/YYYY format will be rejected.

- **Coded values**

Some fields only permit the use of specific values (coded values). For example, **M**, **F**, **UNK**, or **Other** are the coded values for *Gender* and any other value in a *Gender* field will be rejected.

The metadata file contains all the definitions and rules you need to comply with to format your data correctly for every subject (in this case the antimicrobial consumption). The file can be downloaded as an Excel file from the TESSy documents website.

By filtering the fields in the file by subject, you can see the fields required for your subject and the rules applying to these fields.

 The **Technical Annex**, (accessible at the TESSy homepage with restricted access) provides an overview of how you work with the metadata file, and the TESSy user documentation provides in-depth details on metadata.

Checking data source profile

Before submitting your file(s), please review the profile for your data source(s) in TESSy (go to **Data Sources**), and update the information, if necessary.



Complete and up-to-date data source information for each subject is important for improving interpretation of data each surveillance system has different features that need to be taken into account when comparing data at an international level.


If your data source information is out-of-date and you do not have access rights to update it, please request your National Focal Point for Surveillance or National Coordinator to do so.

 In-depth information on the data source variables is available in the TESSy user documentation.

Submitting data

The data are submitted through the TESSy web interface (go to **Upload**).



 The **Technical Annex** provides an overview of how you submit files to TESSy, and the TESSy user documentation provides in-depth descriptions of all the upload methods.

Finalising submission

The compliance of your data with the validation rules in the metadata is checked automatically during the data upload process.

The result of your upload – i.e. rejected or validated – is displayed immediately after the conclusion of the check in the **Validation details** webpage. Please review the result carefully:

- If your file has been rejected, there will be a message explaining each instance of non-compliance with the metadata that you need to correct.
- If your file has been validated, there might be warnings and remarks relating to possible data quality issues or to potential overwriting of existing records that you should consider.

When your file has been validated and all necessary corrections with regard to the TESSy warnings have been made, please ensure prompt approval – **unapproved uploads can block the approval process for uploads of other countries.**



The TESSy user documentation provides information on reviewing validation results and adjusting reporting periods to avoid overwriting existing records.

TESSy HelpDesk

Email: TESSy@ecdc.europa.eu

Telephone number: **+46-(0)8-5860 1601**

Availability: 9:00 – 16:00 Stockholm time, Monday to Friday (except ECDC Holidays)

Annex 1 Antimicrobial consumption (AMC) metadata

This section describes:

- [The antimicrobial consumption metadata](#)
- [Changes to the antimicrobial consumption metadata](#)

ESAC-Net data

Three subjects have been created to manage ESAC-Net data: AMC (to record antimicrobial consumption data), AMCDENOM (to record denominator, i.e. population data) and AMCDS (to record contextual data related to antimicrobial consumption, i.e. data source).

For these three subjects, five record types have been defined. Three record types relate to the AMC subject:

- AMC: single (individual antimicrobials at the product level (case-based);
- AMC\$PACKAGES: consumed packages at the product level (case-based);
- AMCLIGHT: antimicrobial consumption expressed at the substance level (aggregate).

The aggregate AMCDENOM record type for recording population data relates to the AMCDENOM subject. The AMCDS record type for recording contextual information relates to the AMCDS subject.

ESAC-Net record types

- The record type **AMC** contains the national registry data of all antimicrobials available in the country, even if not used during the reporting year. It includes 8 technical and 12 epidemiological variables.
 - The record type **AMC\$PACKAGES** contains case-based antimicrobial consumption data at the product level. It includes 3 technical and 7 epidemiological variables.
 - The record type **AMCLIGHT** is an alternative for reporting the antimicrobial consumption data and contains aggregated antimicrobial consumption data expressed in DDD at the ATC substance level. It includes 6 technical and 13 epidemiological variables.
 - The record type **AMCDENOM** contains denominator data; i.e. data on the population under surveillance. It is mandatory only if the country is not using Eurostat data. Additionally, data subdivided by sub-national area (NUTS classification), age class or gender can be optionally reported. This record type includes 6 technical and 5 epidemiological variables.
- The record type **AMCDS** contains information on the antimicrobial consumption data source. In particular, it includes information about whether the data represent national reference data and which groups of antimicrobials are included. Finally, two variables offer the possibility to share comments, either only with ECDC or publicly in the individual country summary sheets. The record type AMCDS includes 7 technical variables, 10 epidemiological variables on consumption and 3 denominator variables for each sector. Finally, it includes 5 summary variables on the inclusion of nursing homes, psychiatric hospitals and day care centres. Data should be reported separately for the community (primary care) and the hospital sector. If data cannot be subdivided between the community and hospital sector, they can be reported for both sectors combined (total care).

Descriptions of all the ESAC-Net metadata variables can be found in the TESSy system and in an Excel file, which is provided with the invitation letter for the data call. Additionally, all variables, including the respective coding and the associated validation rules, are described in [Metadata for antimicrobial consumption surveillance](#) on page 14.

Current record type versions

Table 2 shows the record types and record type versions that must be used when uploading 2018 AMC surveillance data to TESSy.

Table 2: Accepted record types and record type versions

Subject		Record type version	Description
AMC	Standard (case-based)	AMC.5	National registry data of all antimicrobials available.
		AMC\$PACKAGES.5	Antimicrobial consumption data linked to the national registry.
	Light (aggregated)	AMCLIGHT.3	Consumption data (expressed DDD).
AMCDENOM (aggregated)		AMCDENOM.1	Denominator / population under surveillance.
AMCDS (aggregated)		AMCDS.3	Data source information for antimicrobial consumption data.

Metadata for antimicrobial consumption surveillance

The description of each variable used for reporting of the datasets of antimicrobial consumption data is presented in the following tables.

Please note that validation rules only check data within one record type. For this reason, it is theoretically possible to successfully upload data into TESSy, but no results are shown on the online reports. The latter could happen if, for example, antimicrobial consumption data are reported with the light version, but the healthcare sector or the denominator data are not reported accordingly in the record types AMCDENOM or AMCDS. If this is the case, no calculation or data analysis will be performed by TESSy.

In the tables, the following conventions are used:

VariableName	Literal name of a variable. Never contains spaces. Upper/lower case is only used to improve readability.
Description	Description of a possible value for a specific variable.
Required	Whether it is mandatory
Data type	Textual, numeric, coded value
Code	Code as accepted by the system.
Validation rule	Function of validation rule (e.g., checking for the right format, checking for coded values, "look up" validation rules, expected values based on other rules).

Some variables are technically mandatory, i.e. TESSy will not accept the data submission unless the corresponding fields have been completed.

Record type AMC - national registry data for all available antimicrobials

Table 3: Technical variables for AMC record type

VariableName	1 - RecordID
Description	Unique identifier for the product in the reported year. Possible format: ReportingCountry + Year + ProductId. The Record ID represents the variable ParentId of the record type AMC&PACKAGES
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	2 - RecordType
Description	Structure and format of the data (case based reporting or aggregate reporting).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMC
Validation rule	-
VariableName	3 - RecordTypeVersion
Description	Indicates the version of the record type used in the reported batch. If no record type version is provided in the batch, it is automatically set with current version of the record type. The record type version is required when no metadata set is provided at upload or when a record type version, other than the current one, needs to be used.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata (e.g. 1)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	4 - Subject
Description	Subject of the data reported (see Figure 1 on page 7).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMC
Validation rule	-
VariableName	5 - DataSource
Description	Data source (surveillance system) from which the record originates.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)

Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	6 - ReportingCountry
Description	Country reporting the record.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	7 - DateUsedForStatistics
Description	Year of reporting.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Date
Code	Year (YYYY)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	8 - Status
Description	Status of reporting NEW/UPDATE or DELETE (inactivate). Default if left out: NEW/UPDATE. If set to DELETE, the record with the given RecordId will be deleted from the TESSy database (or better stated, invalidated). If set to NEW/UPDATE or left empty, the record is newly entered into the database.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded Value
Code	NEW/UPDATE, DELETE
Validation rule	-

Table 4: Epidemiological variables for AMC record type

VariableName	9 - ProductId
Description	Product identifier (previously Medicinal Product Package Code Value - MPPCV). Must be a unique identifier of the medicinal product package (MPP). Because it is a key value in many tables, it must not change over time. Product identifiers that are no longer available on the market or that are no longer registered still can be identified in the TESSy database for historical purposes.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	10 - ProductLabel

Description	The product label or medicinal product package label (e.g. Sovaldi® 400mg tablets)
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	11 - PackageSize
Description	Package size or number of single items (e.g., tablets) in the package. Do not provide the unit (e.g., if a package contains 60 tablets, just report "60", not "60 tablets"). Note that e.g. vials are quantified in number of items and not quantified by their volume (see How to report medicinal products in vials or syrup forms).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	-
VariableName	12 - PackageSizeUnit
Description	Unit of the size (number of items) of a package.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	PCS=pieces,
Validation rule	-
VariableName	13 - Strength
Description	Quantity of the ingredient in each single item. For multi-ingredient medicinal products, this field must contain the ingredient strength in which the DDD is expressed (e.g., amoxicillin/clavulanic acid combinations: strength expresses the strength of amoxicillin since DDD=1 g of amoxicillin). For combined products where the DDD is expressed in Unit Dose (UD), the strength should be reported in the number of UDs.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	Strength must be a positive integer or float (up to 3 decimals)
VariableName	14- StrengthUnit
Description	Unit of the strength reported.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	G = Gram, MG = Milligram, IU = International unit, MU = Million units, UD = Unit dose
Validation rule	If ATCCode is reported as A07AA02, A07AA05 or J01XB01, then StrengthUnit must be reported as IU or MU. If ATCCode is reported different than A07AA02, A07AA05, J01XB01 then StrengthUnit must be reported as G or MG. If combined products are reported, then strength unit must be reported as Unit Doses (UD) with the exception of ATC code J01CE30.
VariableName	15 - AntimicrobialRoute
Description	Route of administration of the substance.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)

Data type	Coded value
Code	O = Oral, P = Parenteral, R = Rectal, I = Inhalation, M = Implant
Validation rules	<p>1. If Antimicrobial Route is reported as "I", then Inhalation Form should be reported as IP or IS.</p> <p>2. If Antimicrobial Route is reported different than "I", then Inhalation Form should not be reported.</p> <p>3. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported as O (oral), then Salt -if reported- can only be reported as ESUC (ethylsuccinate).</p> <p>4. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported different than O (oral), then Salt must not be reported.</p> <p>5. If AntimicrobialRoute is reported different than "O" then SyrupForm must be reported as NA.</p> <p>6. If AntimicrobialRoute is reported as "O" then SyrupForm must be reported as Y/N.</p>
VariableName	16- SyrupForm
Description	All antimicrobials administered orally as a liquid (syrup, oral powder, oral solution, oral suspension) (The variable will be used for tracking paediatric consumption).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No, NA = Not applicable
Validation rule	<p>If AntimicrobialRoute is reported different than 'O', then SyrupForm must be reported as NA.</p> <p>If AntimicrobialRoute is reported as 'O', then SyrupForm must be reported as Y/N.</p>
VariableName	17- InhalationForm
Description	The galenic form of the drug for inhalation, i.e. inhalation powder or inhalation solution
Required	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	IP = Inhalation powder, IS = Inhalation solution
Validation rule	<p>If Route is reported as 'I', InhalationForm should be reported as 'IP' or 'IS'</p> <p>If Route is reported as different from 'I', InhalationForm should not be reported</p>
VariableName	18- ATCCode
Description	ATC code of the substance (ATC 5th level).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of ATC codes (only ATC 5th level codes) - (See Annual ESAC-Net data collection)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	19- Salt

Description	Salt associated with substance. Only used (required) for methenamine and for erythromycin. For methenamine, the associated salt (hippurate or mandelate) should be specified. For erythromycin, if the associated salt is ethylsuccinate and the galenic form is tablet, then ethylsuccinate must be specified. In all other cases (any other form than tablet and even if ethylsuccinate), the variable 'Salt' should be left empty.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	HIPP = Hippurate, MAND = Mandelate, ESUC = Ethylsuccinate, NA = Not applicable
Validation rule	If ATCCode is reported as J01XX05 (methenamine), then Salt must be reported as HIPP or MAND. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported as O (oral), then Salt can only be reported as ESUC. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported different than O (oral), then Salt must not be reported. If ATCCode is reported different than J01XX05 (methenamine) or J01FA01 (erythromycin), then Salt must not be reported.
VariableName	20 – CombinedProduct
Description	ATC code of the substance for combined products
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of ATC codes for combined products - (<i>Allocations of defined daily doses for combined products in TESSy</i>)
Validation rule	If ATCCode is not equal to the first 7 characters (before “_”) of the code indicated in CombinedProduct.

Record type AMC\$PACKAGES - AMC data linked to the national registry

Table 5: Technical variables for AMC\$PACKAGES record type

VariableName	1 - RecordID
Description	Unique identifier for the product package consumption. Possible format: ParentId + PlaceOfNotification + PlaceOfNotification + AgeClass + Gender + Sector + Prescriber + Quarter.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	2 - RecordType
Description	Structure and format of the data (case based reporting or aggregate reporting).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMC\$PACKAGES

Validation rule	-
VariableName	3 - ParentId
Description	Unique identifier for the product in the year reported. Recommended format: ReportingCountry + Year + ProductId. ParentId represented by the corresponding variable RecordIDexists in the AMC record type.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	

Table 6: Epidemiological variables for record type AMC\$PACKAGES

VariableName	4 - PlaceOfNotification
Description	Sub-national area for which data are reported. Select the most detailed NUTS level possible. Leave empty for national data.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of NUTS codes, country codes for non EU/EEA, UNK - Unknown
Validation rule	-
VariableName	5 - AgeClass
Description	Age class for which consumption data is reported. Leave empty if data are not reported by age class.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	AgeClass can only be reported for the community (primary care). For community (primary care), please report age class, if possible. AgeClass can be reported only with a value from the following list: '00-01', '01-04', '05-09', '10-14', '15-19', '20-24', '25-29', '30-34', '35-39', '40-44', '45-49', '50-54', '55-59', '60-64', '65-69', '70-74', '75-79', '80-84', '85+' or 'UNK'.
VariableName	6 - Gender
Description	Gender of the reported data. Leave empty if data are not reported by gender.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	M=Male, F=Female, O=Other, UNK=Unknown
Validation rule	Gender can only be reported for the community (primary care). For community (primary care), please report gender, if possible.
VariableName	7 - Sector
Description	Sector for which data are reported, i.e. community (primary care), hospital sector, or both healthcare sectors combined (total care).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value

Code	AC = community (primary care), HC = Hospital sector, TC = Total care
Validation rule	-
VariableName	8 - Prescriber
Description	Category of physicians prescribing the antimicrobials.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	GP = General Practitioners, SP = Specialists, GE = Geriatrics, DE = Dentists, PE = Paediatricians, OTH = Other, UNK = Unknown - not available.
Validation rule	Prescriber can only be reported only for the community (primary care). For community (primary care), please report prescriber, if possible.
VariableName	9 - ReportQuarter
Description	Use only when reporting quarterly data. Leave empty for annual data.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	-
VariableName	10 - NumberOfPackages
Description	Number of packages consumed the reported sector and period.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	NumberOfPackages must be an integer or float (up to 3 decimals).

Record type AMCLIGHT - (aggregated number of DDDs reported)

Table 7: Technical variables for record type AMCLIGHT

VariableName	1 - RecordType
Description	Structure and format of the data (aggregate reporting).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMCLIGHT
Validation rule	-
VariableName	2 - RecordTypeVersion
Description	Indicates the version of the record type used in the reported batch. If no record type version is provided in the batch, it is automatically set with current version of the record type. The record type version is required when no metadata set is provided at upload or when a record type version, other than the current one, needs to be used.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata (e.g. 1)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	3 - Subject

Description	Subject of the data reported (see Figure 1 on page 7).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMC
Corresponding variable in the previous ESAC project dataset (notes)	(new variable)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	4 - DataSource
Description	Data source (surveillance system) from which the record originates.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	5 - ReportingCountry
Description	Country reporting the record.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
VariableName	6 - DateUsedForStatistics
Description	Year of reporting.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Date
Code	Year (YYYY, YYYY-Qq)

Table 7: Epidemiological variables for AMCLIGHT record type

VariableName	7 - PlaceOfNotification
Description	Sub-national area for which data are reported. Select the most detailed NUTS level possible. Leave empty for national data.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of NUTS codes, country codes for non EU/EEA, UNK – Unknown.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	8 - AgeClass
Description	Age class for which consumption data is reported. Leave empty if data are not reported by age class.

Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	AgeClass can only be reported for the community (primary care) AgeClass can only be reported with a value from the following list: '00- <01', '01-04', '05-09', '10-14', '15-19', '20-24', '25-29', '30-34', '35-39', '40-44', '45-49', '50-54', '55-59', '60-64', '65-69', '70-74', '75-79', '80- 84', '85+' or 'UNK'.
VariableName	9 - Gender
Description	Gender of the reported data. Leave empty if data are not reported by gender.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	M=Male, F=Female, O=Other, UNK=Unknown
Validation rule	Gender can only be reported for the community (primary care).
VariableName	10 - Sector
Description	Sector for which data are reported, i.e. community (primary care), hospital sector, or both healthcare sectors combined (total care).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	AC = community (primary care), HC = Hospital sector, TC = Total care
Validation rule	-
VariableName	11 - Prescriber
Description	Category of physicians prescribing the antimicrobials.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	GP = General Practitioners, SP = Specialists, GE = Geriatrics, DE = Dentists, PE = Paediatricians, OTH = Other, UNK = Unknown - not available.
Validation rule	Prescriber can only be reported for the community (primary care).
VariableName	12 - ATCCode
Description	ATC code of the substance (ATC 5th level).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of ATC codes (only ATC 5th level codes). See Annual ESAC-Net data collection .
Validation rule	-
VariableName	13 - ATCName
Description	ATC name of the substance (ATC 5th level).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	-

VariableName	14 – CombinedProduct
Description	ATC code of the substance for combined products
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of ATC codes for combined products - (<i>Allocations of defined daily doses for combined products in TESSy</i>)
Validation rule	If ATCCode is not equal to the first 7 characters (before “_”) of the code indicated in CombinedProduct.
VariableName	15 - AntimicrobialRoute
Description	Route of administration of the substance.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	O = Oral, P = Parenteral, R = Rectal, I = Inhalation, M = Implant
Validation rule	-
VariableName	16 - Salt
Description	Salt associated with substance. Only used (required) for methenamine and for erythromycin. For methenamine, the associated salt (hippurate or mandelate) should be specified. For erythromycin, if the associated salt is ethylsuccinate and the galenic form is tablet, then ethylsuccinate must be specified. In all other cases (any other form than tablet and even if ethylsuccinate), the variable ‘Salt’ should be left empty.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	HIPP = Hippurate, MAND = Mandelate, ESUC = Ethylsuccinate, NA = Not applicable.
Validation rule	If ATCCode is reported as J01XX05 (methenamine), then Salt must be reported as HIPP or MAND. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported as O (oral), then Salt can only be reported as ESUC. If ATCCode is reported as J01FA01 (erythromycin) and AntimicrobialRoute is reported different than O (oral), then Salt must not be reported. If ATCCode is reported different than J01XX05 (methenamine) or J01FA01 (erythromycin), then Salt must not be reported.
VariableName	17 - NumberOfDDD
Description	Number of DDD used for the reported substance, healthcare sector and period. In the record type AMCDs (data source), specify whether NumberOfDDD is reported as WHO DDDs or national Daily Doses.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)
Validation rule	NumberOfDDD must be a integer or float (up to 3 decimals).
VariableName	18 - Weight
Description	Number of weight units (total weight corresponding to the reported NumberOfDDD).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	String (Text; max length: 80 characters)

Code	
Validation rule	
VariableName	19 - WeightUnit
Description	Unit of the weight.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	G = Gram; IU = International unit; MG = Milligram; MU = Million units; UD = Unit dose
Validation rule	
VariableName	19- SyrupForm
Description	All antimicrobials administered orally as a liquid (syrup, oral powder, oral solution, oral suspension) (The variable will be used for tracking paediatric consumption).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No, NA = Not applicable

Record type AMCDENOM - Denominator / Population under surveillance

Table 8: Technical variables for record type AMCDENOM

VariableName	1 - RecordType
Description	Structure and format of the data (case based reporting or aggregate reporting).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMCDENOM
Validation rule	-
VariableName	2 - RecordTypeVersion
Description	Indicates the version of the record type used in the reported batch. If no record type version is provided in the batch, it is automatically set with current version of the record type. The record type version is required when no metadata set is provided at upload or when a record type version, other than the current one, needs to be used.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata (e.g. 1)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	3 - Subject
Description	Subject of the data reported (see Figure 1 on page 7).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMCDENOM

Validation rule	-
VariableName	4 - DataSource
Description	Data source (surveillance system) from which the record originates.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	5 - ReportingCountry
Description	Country reporting the record.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	6 - DateUsedForStatistics
Description	Year of reporting.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Date
Code	Year (yyyy, yyyy-Qq)
Validation rule	-

Table 9: Epidemiological variables for AMCDENOM

VariableName	7 - PlaceOfNotification
Description	Sub-national area for which data are reported. Select the most detailed NUTS level possible. Leave empty for national data.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	List of NUTS codes, country codes for non EU/EEA, UNK - Unknown
Validation rule	-
VariableName	8 - AgeClass
Description	Age class for which consumption data is reported. Leave empty if data are not reported by age class.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	AgeClass must only be reported for the community (primary care). For community (primary care), please report age class, if possible. AgeClass can only be reported with a value from the following list: '00-<01', '01-04', '05-09', '10-14', '15-19', '20-24', '25-29', '30-34', '35-39', '40-44', '45-49', '50-54', '55-59', '60-64', '65-69', '70-74', '75-79', '80-84', '85+' or 'UNK'.

VariableName	9 - Gender
Description	Gender of the reported data. Leave empty if data are not reported by gender.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	M=Male, F=Female, O=Other, UNK=Unknown
Validation rule	Gender can only be reported for the community (primary care). For community (primary care), please report gender, if possible.
VariableName	10 - Sector
Description	Sector for which data are reported, i.e. community (primary care), hospital sector, or both healthcare sectors combined (total care).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	AC = community (primary care), HC = Hospital sector, TC = Total care
Validation rule	-
VariableName	11 - Denominator
Description	Number of individuals in place of notification.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	-

Record type AMCDS - data source information for antimicrobial consumption data

Table 10: Technical variables for record type AMCDS

VariableName	1 - RecordType
Description	Structure and format of the data (case based reporting or aggregate reporting).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMCDS
Validation rule	-
VariableName	2 - RecordTypeVersion
Description	Indicates the version of the record type used in the reported batch. If no record type version is provided in the batch, it is automatically set with current version of the record type. The record type version is required when no metadata set is provided at upload or when a record type version, other than the current one, needs to be used.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Numeric
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata (e.g. 1)
Validation rule	-

VariableName	3 - Subject
Description	Subject of the data reported.(see Figure 1 on page 7)
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	AMCDS
Validation rule	-
VariableName	4 – DataSource
Description	Data source (surveillance system) from which the record originates.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	5 - ReportingCountry
Description	Country reporting the record.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Coded Value
Code	See ESAC-Net metadata
Validation rule	-
VariableName	6 - DateUsedForStatistics
Description	Year of reporting.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes
Data type	Date
Code	Year (YYYY)
Validation rule	-
VariableName	7- NationalReferenceData
Description	Are data reported as national reference data? If no, data reported shall provide additional information (e.g., reporting age class and gender from a different database than the National reference data).
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	-

Table 11: Epidemiological variables for record type AMCDS - community (primary care) data

VariableName	8 - DS_DataProviderAC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for community (primary care) data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded Value

Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, CP = Community Pharmacists, HN = Hospital Network, MR = Marketing Research Company, MA = Medicines Agency, O = Other.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	9 - DS_TypeOfDataAC
Description	What is the type of community (primary care) data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	S = Sales, R = Reimbursement, B = Both
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_TypeOfDataAC, must be reported.
VariableName	10 - DS_CoverageAC
Description	What is the percentage of coverage of consumption data in the community (primary care)? (See How to report data coverage in the AMCDS record type)
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_CoverageAC, must be reported.
VariableName	11 - DS_CoverageExtrapolatedAC
Description	Were the data extrapolated to obtain 100% coverage of the community (primary care) in the country?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_CoverageExtrapolatedAC, must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataAC = Y and DS_CoverageAC is less than 100, then DS_CoverageExtrapolatedAC must be reported as Y."
VariableName	12 - DS_ATCVersionAC
Description	Which version of the WHO ATC/DDD index was used for reporting consumption data in the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Year
Code	YYYY
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care) including DS_ATCVersionAC, must be reported.
VariableName	13- DS_ATCVersionAlteredAC
Description	Were other than official WHO ATC/DDD alterations applied?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No

Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_ATCVersionAlteredAC, must be reported.
VariableName	14 - DS_J01InclusionAC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J01 + A07AA + P01AB (i.e., antibacterials for systemic use + intestinal anti-infectives/antibiotics + nitroimidazole derivatives) included in the data reported for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_J01InclusionAC, must be reported.
VariableName	15 - DS_J02InclusionAC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J02 + D01BA (i.e., antimycotics for systemic use + antifungals for systemic use) included in the data reported for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_J02InclusionAC, must be reported.
VariableName	16- DS_J04InclusionAC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J04A (drugs for the treatment of tuberculosis) included in the data reported for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_J04InclusionAC, must be reported.
VariableName	17 - DS_J05InclusionAC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J05 (antivirals for systemic use) included in the data reported for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderAC is reported, then all the information for the community (primary care), including DS_J05InclusionAC, must be reported.

Table 12: Denominator data for the community (primary care)

VariableName	18- DS_EurostatDataAC
Description	Are the reported population data from Eurostat? If no, national population data must be provided by the country.

Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Warning)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataAC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomAC must be reported
VariableName	19- DS_DataProviderDenomAC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for population data for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, CP = Community Pharmacists, HN = Hospital Network, MR = Marketing Research Company, MA = Medicines Agency, O = Other.
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataAC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomAC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataAC = Y, then DS_DataProviderDenomAC must not be reported.
VariableName	20 - DS_TypeOfDataDenomAC
Description	What is the type of population data for the community (primary care)?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	POP = Population, INS = Insured population.
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataAC = N, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomAC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataAC = Y, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomAC must not be reported.

Table 13: Epidemiological variables for record type AMCDS - Hospital care data

VariableName	21 - DS_DataProviderHC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for hospital sector data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded Value
Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, NS = National Statistics Agency, O = Other, NA = Not applicable
Validation rule	-
VariableName	22 - DS_TypeOfDataHC
Description	What is the type of hospital sector data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	S = Sales, R = Reimbursement, B = Both
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported, then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_TypeOfDataHC, must be reported.
VariableName	23 - DS_CoverageHC
Description	What is the percentage of coverage of consumption data in the hospital sector?

Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported, then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_CoverageHC, must be reported.
VariableName	24 - DS_CoverageExtrapolatedHC
Description	Were the data extrapolated to obtain 100% coverage of the hospital sector in the country?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported, then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_CoverageExtrapolatedHC, must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataHC = Y and DS_CoverageHC is less than 100, then DS_CoverageExtrapolatedHC must be reported as Y.
VariableName	25- DS_ATCVersionHC
Description	Which version of the WHO ATC/DDD index was used for reporting consumption data in the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Date
Code	Year (YYYY)
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported, then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_ATCVersionHC, must be reported.
VariableName	26- DS_ATCVersionAlteredHC
Description	Were other than official WHO ATC/DDD alterations used?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported, then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_ATCVersionAlteredHC, must be reported.
VariableName	27 - DS_J01InclusionHC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J01 + A07AA + P01AB (i.e., antibacterials for systemic use + intestinal anti-infectives/antibiotics + nitroimidazole derivatives) included in the data reported for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_J01InclusionHC, must be reported.
VariableName	28- DS_J02InclusionHC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J02 + D01BA (i.e., antimycotics for systemic use + antifungals for systemic use) included in the data reported for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)

Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_J02InclusionHC, must be reported.
VariableName	29 - DS_J04InclusionHC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J04A (drugs for the treatment of tuberculosis) included in the data reported for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_J04InclusionHC, must be reported.
VariableName	30 - DS_J05InclusionHC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J05 (antivirals for systemic use) included in the data reported for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderHC is reported then all the information for the hospital sector, including DS_J05InclusionHC, must be reported.

Table 14: Denominator data for the hospital sector

VariableName	31 - DS_EurostatDataHC
Description	Are the reported population data from Eurostat? If no, national population data must be provided by the country.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Warning)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataHC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomHC must be reported
VariableName	32 - DS_DataProviderDenomHC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for population data for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, NS = National Statistics Agency, O = Other, NA = Not applicable
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataHC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomHC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataHC = Y, then DS_DataProviderDenomHC must not be reported.
VariableName	33 - DS_TypeOfDataDenomHC
Description	What is the type of the population data for the hospital sector?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value

Code	POP = Population, INS = Insured population.
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataHC = N, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomHC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataHC = Y, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomHC must not be reported.

Table 15: Epidemiological variables for record type AMCDS Total care data

VariableName	34- DS_DataProviderTC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for 'total care' data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded Value
Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, CP = Community Pharmacists, HN = Hospital Network, MR = Marketing Research Company, MA = Medicines Agency, O = Other.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	35- DS_TypeOfDataTC
Description	What is the type of 'total care' data?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	S = Sales, R = Reimbursement, B = Both
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_TypeOfDataTC, must be reported.
VariableName	36 - DS_CoverageTC
Description	What is the percentage of coverage of consumption data for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Numeric
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_CoverageTC, must be reported.
VariableName	37- DS_CoverageExtrapolatedTC
Description	Were the data extrapolated to obtain 100% coverage of 'total care' in the country?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for "total care", including DS_CoverageExtrapolatedTC, must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataTC = Y and DS_CoverageTC is less than 100, then DS_CoverageExtrapolatedTC must be reported as Y.
VariableName	38 - DS_ATCVersionTC
Description	Which version of the WHO ATC/DDD index was used for reporting consumption data in 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Date
Code	Year (YYYY)

Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_ATCVersionTC, must be reported.
VariableName	39- DS_ATCVersionAlteredTC
Description	Were other than official WHO ATC/DDD alterations applied
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information 'total care', including DS_ATCVersionAlteredTC, must be reported.
VariableName	40 - DS_J01InclusionTC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J01 + A07AA + P01AB (i.e., antibacterials for systemic use + intestinal anti-infectives/antibiotics + nitroimidazole derivatives) included in the data reported for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_J01InclusionTC, must be reported.
VariableName	41 - DS_J02InclusionTC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC groups J02 + D01BA (i.e., antimycotics for systemic use + antifungals for systemic use) included in the data reported for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_J02InclusionTC, must be reported.
VariableName	42- DS_J04InclusionTC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J04A (drugs for the treatment of tuberculosis) included in the data reported for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_J04InclusionTC, must be reported.
VariableName	43 - DS_J05InclusionTC
Description	Is consumption of substances in ATC group J05 (antivirals for systemic use) included in the data reported for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Error)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_DataProviderTC is reported, then all the information for 'total care', including DS_J05InclusionTC, must be reported.

Table 16: Denominator data for the total care sector

VariableName	44- DS_EurostatDataTC
Description	Are the reported population data from Eurostat? If no, national population data must be provided by the country.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	Yes (Warning)
Data type	Coded value
Code	Y = Yes, N = No
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataTC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomTC must be reported
VariableName	45 - DS_DataProviderDenomTC
Description	Which authority/organisation/network was the provider for the population data for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	MoH = Ministry of Health, HI = Health Insurance Company, NS = National Statistics Agency, O = Other, NA = Not applicable
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataTC = N, then DS_DataProviderDenomTC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataTC = Y then DS_DataProviderDenomTC must not be reported.
VariableName	46 - DS_TypeOfDataDenomTC
Description	What is the type of the population data for 'total care'?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	POP = Population, INS = Insured population.
Validation rule	If DS_EurostatDataTC = N, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomTC must be reported. If DS_EurostatDataTC = Y, then DS_TypeOfDataDenomTC must not be reported.

Table 17: Summary variables

VariableName	47 - DS_PSYHOSP_Inclusion
Description	In which sector, i.e. community (primary care), hospital sector, or both), are data from psychiatric hospitals reported?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	AC = Community (primary care), HC = Hospital care, BOTH = Community and hospital care, NONE = Not included.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	48 - DS_HALT_Inclusion
Description	In which sector, i.e. community (primary care), hospital sector, or both, are data from nursing homes and other long-term care facilities for the elderly reported?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value

Code	AC = Community (primary care), HC = Hospital sector, BOTH = Community and hospital care, NONE = Not included.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	49- DS_DayCare_Inclusion
Description	In which sector (AC and/or HC), data from day care centres (for young children) are reported?
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	Coded value
Code	AC = Community (primary care), HC = Hospital sector, BOTH = Community and hospital sector, NONE = Not included.
Validation rule	-
VariableName	50 - DS_CommentECDC
Description	General comments for ECDC. Any information that is important or useful when analysing the data, these comments will not be published.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	String variable
Validation rule	-
VariableName	51 - DS_CommentPublic
Description	General comments for public display. Any remark that should be included when presenting data.
Required (what happens if not submitted)	No
Data type	String variable
Validation rule	-

AMC metadata change history

Table 18: Implemented changes in record types for Antimicrobial Consumption (AMC) until 2019

Year	Record types	Description
2016	AMC	New variable CombinedProduct
	AMCLIGHT	New variable CombinedProduct
	AMCDS	<p>Error message for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - DS_ATCVersionAC(HT,TC) - DS_ATCVersionAlteredAC(HT,TC) - DS_CoverageAC(HT,TC) - DS_J01InclusionAC(HT,TC) - DS_J02InclusionAC(HT,TC) - DS_J04InclusionAC(HT,TC) - DS_J05InclusionAC(HT,TC) <p>If DS_DataProviderAC(HT,TC) and one of the previous variables is not reported</p> <p>Warning message if DS_EurostatDataAC(HT,TC)=N and DS_DataProviderDenomAC(HT,TC) is not reported</p>
2019	AMC record type: DPPNational DDDNational DDDNationalUnit	<p>These variables were removed</p> <p>The possibility to report nationally defined daily doses was important in the early days of ESAC-Net when the WHO Collaborating Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology had not yet allocated a DDD for all antimicrobial agents.</p> <p>These variables are now obsolete because nearly all antimicrobial agents have been assigned a WHO DDD.</p>
	AMC record type: PackageContent; PackageContentUnit	<p>These variables were removed</p> <p>The variables were originally created for internal validation purposes. However, they are now obsolete.</p> <p>TESSy computes the package content from other existing variables: the package size, strength and basic quantity ingredient.</p>
	AMC record type: Add validation rule for the variable CombinedProduct	<p>A validation rule was added to validate the correct uploading of the strength unit for combined products.</p>
	AMCLIGHT record type: SyrupForm	<p>The variable was added as mandatory variable for the oral route of administration.</p> <p>It will help assessing the paediatric consumption for all ESAC-Net antimicrobial consumption (AMC) data. A similar variable exists in the standard version of reporting ESAC-Net AMC data.</p>
	AMCLIGHT record type: Weight WeightUnit	<p>These variables were added as mandatory variables</p> <p>They will be used as indicator in the ECDC Atlas of Infectious Diseases and are also required for the Joint Interagency Antimicrobial Consumption and Resistance Analysis (JIACRA) Report (European Commission request; comparison with the animal consumption).</p>

Metadata changes prior to 2016 can be found on the TESSy documents website.
There were no metadata changes in 2017 and 2018.

Annex 2 Antimicrobial consumption (AMC) specific material

This section covers:

- [Reporting ESAC-Net data](#) – tips for reporting for certain categories of data.
- Reporting combined products
- Reporting liquid pharmaceutical form
- [ATC and DDD updates](#)
- DDDs for combined products
- [Examples](#) – examples of reporting data on the consumption of liquids, and on consumption and population coverage

Reporting ESAC-Net data

As described in [Overview of AMC data collection and analysis](#), there are two options for reporting ESAC-Net data:

- The preferred standard version: Reporting national antimicrobial consumption data at the medicinal product level, including national registry data, using the record types AMC and AMCPACKAGES. If data are delivered with this preferred standard version:
 - For erythromycin and methenamine, the associated salt must be provided (see ESAC-Net metadata);
 - For combined products, a variable, CombinedProducts, has to be reported to distinguish and to define them. A detailed explanation is reported in [ATC code for Combined products](#) and a complete list of the products with DDDs can be found in [Table 22](#).
- A light version: Reporting national antimicrobial consumption data at the ATC substance level using the record type AMCLIGHT.

Reporting for different healthcare sectors

The preferred approach is to report national reference data of antimicrobial consumption separately for each healthcare sector: community (primary care) and hospital sector. If the same data source is used, it can be uploaded as one batch file (see [Figure 1](#) on page 7).

If otherwise not possible, the national reference data can be reported on both healthcare sectors combined, i.e. total care (= community plus hospital sector).

When using the AMCLIGHT record type, data on the number of packages can be omitted for the hospital sector.

Reporting the variables age class, gender and prescriber

If possible, ESAC-Net encourages reporting of community (primary care) antimicrobial consumption data stratified by age class, gender and prescriber.

It is possible to report data for the variables age class, gender and prescriber using a data source different from that of the main consumption data, thus allowing double reporting to TESSy. However, only one data source can be assigned as being the national reference data, which is necessary to ensure comparison of antimicrobial consumption between different countries.

In cases where national reference data (without reporting for age class, gender and/or prescriber) are reported in the preferred standard reporting (record types AMC, AMCPACKAGES) and additional data for age class and gender are reported in the light version (record type AMCLIGHT), the reporting country must create two TESSy data sources (one for the national reference data and another for the

additional data) and refer to the correct data source in the record types. Otherwise, TESSy will not be able to separate the data coming from the different sources and will provide wrong results.

Reporting population (number of inhabitants)

Eurostat population denominator data are preferred.

Available from: <http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/data/database>

TESSy maintains an up-to-date copy of the Eurostat population data in its own database.

- If the surveillance coverage is compatible with Eurostat data, it is not necessary to submit any population denominator data to TESSy via the record type AMCDs. By default, TESSy uses Eurostat population data.
- If the surveillance coverage is not compatible with Eurostat data or if data providers disagree with TESSy using Eurostat data, it is necessary to provide denominator data at the same level as the level of consumption data (healthcare sector, NUTS, age class and gender). For more detailed information, please consult [Examples](#).

Reporting historical data from the former ESAC project

Data covering the period 1997-2009 were uploaded into TESSy after termination of the ESAC project using the historical project database that was transferred from the University of Antwerp to ECDC.

If necessary, countries can update these data in the same way that they have uploaded data for the year 2010 and onward; however, in this case use TESSy's **Replace** function instead of its **Update** function.

Reporting combined products

Products containing two or more active ingredients are regarded as combined products and their DDDs are expressed in unit doses (UD). According to the [list of combined products from the WHO Collaborating Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology, 2019](#), different combined products sharing the same main active ingredients are usually given the same ATC code, though the active ingredients might be in different quantities.

For example four different combinations of the active ingredients ampicillin and cloxacillin are allocated to the same ATC code J01CR50:

- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.25g – cloxacillin_0.25g → Tablets
- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.25g – cloxacillin_0.25g → Powder for injection
- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.5g – cloxacillin_0.5g → Powder for injection
- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.125g – cloxacillin_0.125g → Tablets

Additionally, combinations of products of ampicillin with the active ingredients oxacillin or flucloxacillin, which belong to the same 4th ATC group J01CF (beta-lactamase resistant penicillins) like cloxacillin, are also allocated to the same ATC code J01CR50:

- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.66g – oxacillin_0.33g → Powder for injection
- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.125g – oxacillin_0.125g → Capsules
- J01CR50: ampicillin_0.25g – flucloxacillin_0.25g → Tablets

Different DDDs are assigned to each of the combined products a) - g). The impossibility to distinguish them through the ATCCode, made it necessary to introduce a further variable in TESSy metadata. Therefore the variable CombinedProduct was created. It is composed of the ATC code adding a numerical element through the underscore symbol (_). The products of the previous example will be classified with the following codes of the variable CombinedProduct:

- J01CR50_1
- J01CR50_5

- c) J01CR50_6
- d) J01CR50_7
- e) J01CR50_2
- f) J01CR50_3
- g) J01CR50_4

A list of all products that will report the new variable CombinedProduct can be found at the end of Annex 2. In addition, [a practical example how to report consumption](#) for these combined products is provided on page 50.

Reporting liquid pharmaceutical form (variable SyrupForm)

The variable SyrupForm is used for estimating paediatric consumption corresponding to all antimicrobials that are taken orally as a liquid.

The variable *SyrupForm* is used to track **all antimicrobials** that are administered **orally as a liquid**. The variable SyrupForm does not only correspond to the pharmaceutical form 'syrup' but to all pharmaceutical forms that will produce a liquid and will be administered orally. Examples of pharmaceutical forms that should be reported as 'Y' (yes) for SyrupForm are **syrup, oral powder, oral solution** and **oral suspension**.

ATC and DDD updates

The ATC/DDD index 2019 should be used (http://www.whocc.no/atc_ddd_index).


The latest update of the ATC/DDD index can be found at:

http://www.whocc.no/atc_ddd_index/updates_included_in_the_atc_ddd_index/

New ATC codes, ATC changes, DDD updates and allocations of defined daily doses for combined products in TESSy are provided in tables 19-22.

Updates for the past years are available from the WHO CC webpages or in previous reporting protocols (available for ESAC-Net network members on the ESAC-Net extranet).

The previous metadata changes are described in [AMC metadata change history](#).

-  Information on changes to the metadata for other subjects is available on the TESSy documentation website.

ATC updates 2020

Table 19: New ATC codes

Year	ATC Code	ATC Name (active substance; INN)
2020	A07AA13	rifamycin
	J01AA14	sarecycline
	J01AA15	omadacycline
	J01GB14	plazomicin
	J01XX12	lefamulin
	J04AB06	enviomycin
	J05AP58	daclatasvir - asunaprevir – beclabuvir (combined product)
	J05AR25	amivudine - dolutegravi (combined product)
	J05AR26	darunavir – ritonavir (combined product)
	J05AR27	lamivudine - tenofovir disoproxil – dolutegravir (combined product)

Table 20: New DDD allocations

(for products with one active ingredient; for combined products, see Table 22)

Year	ATC code	ATC Name (active substance; INN)	Route	DDD value	DDD unit
2020	J01AA14	sarecycline	O	0.1	g
	J01AA15	omadacycline	O P	0.3 0.1	g g
	J01DD64	cefpodoxime and beta-lactamase inhibitor	O	0.4	g
	J01MA12	levofloxacin	IS	0.24	g
	J04AA03	calcium aminosaliclate	O	15	g
	J04AB06	enviomycin	P	1	g
	J05AB03	vidarabine	P	0.7	g
	J05AG06	doravirine	O	0.1	g
	J05AH03	peramivir	P	0.6	g
	J05AH04	laninamivir	IP	40	mg
	J05AP06	asunaprevir	O	0.2	g
	J05AP10	elbasvir	O	50	mg
	J05AP11	grazoprevir	O	0.1	g
	J05AX25	baloxavir marboxil	O	40	mg
	J05AX26	amenamivir	O	0.4	g
	J05AX27	favipiravir	O	1.6	g

O: oral, P: parenteral, I: inhalation, IP: inhalation powder, IS: inhalation solution

Table 21: DDD alterations

Year	ATC Code	ATC Name (active substance; INN)	route	Old DDD	New DDD	
There are DDD alteration defined in the 2020 ATC/DDD index						

O: oral, P: parenteral, I: inhalation, IP: inhalation powder, IS: inhalation solution.

Defined daily doses for combined products, 2020

Table 22: List of DDDs for all combined products in TESSy

(adapted from [WHO Collaboration Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology](#))

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J01AA20	J01AA20_1	tetracycline - chlortetracycline - demeclocycline	tetracycline 115.4 mg/ chlortetracycline 115.4 mg/ demeclocycline 69.2 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Deteclo	0.6 gram
J01CA20	J01CA20_1	pivampicillin_0.25g - pivmecillinam_0.2g	pivampicillin 0.25 g/ pivmecillinam 0.2 g	Tab	3 UD (=3 tab)	Miraxid	1.35 gram
J01CA20	J01CA20_2	pivampicillin_0.125g - pivmecillinam_0.1g	pivampicillin 0.125 g/ pivmecillinam 0.1 g	Tab	6 UD (=6 tab)	Miraxid mite	1.35 gram
J01CE30	J01CE30_1	benzylpenicillin/procain - benzylpenicillin/benzathine benzylpenicillin	benzylpenicillin/procain- benzylpenicillin/benzathine benzylpenicillin	Powder for inj	3.6 g* expressed as benzylpenicillin	Bicillin C-R, Bicillin A-P, Bicillin	3.6 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_1	ampicillin_0.25g - cloxacillin_0.25g	ampicillin 0.25 g/ cloxacillin 0.25 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Ampiclox	2 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_2	ampicillin_0.66g - oxacillin_0.33g	ampicillin 0.66 g/ oxacillin 0.33 g	Powder for inj	2 UD (= 2 g)	Ampoxium	1.98 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_3	ampicillin0.125g - oxacillin_0.125g	ampicillin 0.125g/ oxacillin 0.125 g	Caps	8 UD (= 8 caps)	Ampoxium	2 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_4	ampicillin_0.25g - flucloxacillin_0.25g	ampicillin 0.25 g/ flucloxacillin 0.25 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Co-fluampicil	2 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_5	ampicillin_250mg - cloxacillin_250mg	ampicillin 250 mg/ cloxacillin 250 mg	Powder for inj	2 UD (=2 grams of powder for injection)	Viccillin-S	2 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J01CR50	J01CR50_6	ampicillin_500mg - cloxacillin_500mg	ampicillin 500 mg/ cloxacillin 500 mg	Powder for inj	2 UD (=2 grams of powder for injection)	Viccillin-S	2 gram
J01CR50	J01CR50_7	ampicillin_125mg - cloxacillin_125mg	ampicillin 125 mg/ cloxacillin 125 mg	Tab	8 UD (=8 tab)	Viccillin-S	2 gram
J01EC20	J01EC20_1	sulfacarbamide - sulfadiazine - sulfadimidine	sulfacarbamide 0.167 g/ sulfadiazine 0.167 g/ sulfadimidine 0.167 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Trisulfamid	2.004 gram
J01EE01	J01EE01_1	sulfamethoxazole_80mg - trimethoprim_16mg	In 1mL: sulfamethoxazole 80 mg/ trimethoprim 16 mg	Inf conc	20 UD (=20 ml)	Bactrim, Eusaprim, Trimetoprim-sulfa	1.6 gram sulfamethoxazole 0.32 gram trimethoprim
J01EE01	J01EE01_2	sulfamethoxazole_0.2g - trimethoprim_40mg	In 5 mL: sulfamethoxazole 0.2 g/ trimethoprim 40 mg	Mixt	8 UD (= 40 ml)	Bactrim, Eusaprim, Trimetoprim-sulfa	1.6 gram sulfamethoxazole 0.32 gram trimethoprim
J01EE01	J01EE01_3	sulfamethoxazole_0.4g - trimethoprim80mg	sulfamethoxazole 0.4 g/ trimethoprim 80 mg	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Bactrim, Eusaprim Trimetoprim-sulfa	1.6 gram sulfamethoxazole 0.32 gram trimethoprim
J01EE02	J01EE02_1	sulfadiazine_0.205g - trimethoprim_45mg	sulfadiazine 0.205 g/ trimethoprim 45 mg	Mixt	4 UD (=20 ml)	Triglobe, Trimin Sulfa	0.82 gram sulfa. 0.18 gram trim.
J01EE02	J01EE02_2	sulfadiazine_0.41g - trimethoprim_90mg	sulfadiazine 0.41 g/ trimethoprim 90 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Triglobe, Trimin Sulfa	0.82 gram sulfa. 0.18 gram trim.
J01EE03	J01EE03_1	sulfametrole_0.8g - trimethoprim_0.16g(tab)	sulfametrole 0.8 g/ trimethoprim 0.16 g	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Lidaprim	1.6 gram sulfa. 0.32 gram trim.
J01EE03	J01EE03_2	sulfametrole0.8g - trimethoprim_0.16g(powd)	sulfametrole 0.8 g/ trimethoprim 0.16 g per vial	Powder for inj	2 UD (defined as 2 vials)	Lidaprim	1.6 gram sulfa. 0.32 gram trim.

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J01EE06	J01EE06_1	sulfadiazin - tetroxoprim	sulfadiazin 0.25 g/ tetroxoprim 0.1 g	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Sterinor	0.5 gram sulfa. 0.2 gram tetro.
J01EE07	J01EE07_1	sulfamerazin - trimethoprim	sulfamerazin 0.12 g/ trimethoprim 80 mg	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Berlocombin	0.48 gram sulfa. 0.32 gram trim.
J01RA04	J01RA04_1	spiramycin 1.5 MU/	spiramycin 1.5 MU/ (1MU=0.31g) metronidazole 250 mg	Tab	3 UD (=3 tab)	Bidontogyl	1.395 gram spira 0.75 gram metro
J01RA04	J01RA04_2	metronidazole 250 mg	spiramycin 0.75 MU/ metronidazole 125 mg	Tab	6 UD (=6 tab)	Orogyl	1.395 gram spira 0.75 gram metro
J01RA05	J01RA05_1	levofloxacin_250mg - ornidazole_500mg(tab)	levofloxacin 250 mg/ ornidazole 500 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Duobact	1.5 gram
J01RA07	J01RA07_1	azithromycin_1000mg- fluconazole_150mg- secnidazole_1000mg(tab)	azithromycin 1000 mg (1 tab)/ fluconazole 150 mg (1 tab)/ secnidazole 1000 mg (2 tab) (combination package)**	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Safocid	3.15 gram
J01RA09	J01RA09_1	ofloxacin_200mg - ornidazole_500mg(tab)	ofloxacin 200 mg/ ornidazole 500 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Oflox Oz	1.4 gram
J01RA10	J01RA10_1	ciprofloxacin_500mg - metronidazole_200mg(tab)	ciprofloxacin 500 mg/ metronidazole 200 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Cipramed	1.4 gram
J01RA11	J01RA11_1	ciprofloxacin_500mg - tinidazole_300mg(tab)	ciprofloxacin 500 mg/ tinidazole 600 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Ciprotini	2.2 gram
J01RA11	J01RA11_2	ciprofloxacin_250mg - tinidazole_300mg(tab)	ciprofloxacin 250 mg/ tinidazole 300 mg	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Ciptin	2.2 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J01RA12	J01RA12_1	ciprofloxacin_500mg - ornidazole_500mg(tab)	ciprofloxacin 500 mg/ ornidazole 500 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Simprazole	2 gram
J01RA13	J01RA13_1	norfloxacin 400 mg/ tinidazole 600 mg	norfloxacin 400 mg/ tinidazole 600 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Actiflox-T	2 gram
J04AM02	J04AM02_1	rifampicin_0.3g - isoniazid_0.15g	rifampicin 0.3 g/ isoniazid 0.15 g	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Rifinah	0.9 gram
J04AM02	J04AM02_2	rifampicin_0.15g - isoniazid_0.1g	rifampicin 0.15 g/ isoniazid 0.1 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Rifinah	1 gram
J04AM02	J04AM02_3	rifampicin_0.15g - isoniazid_75mg	rifampicin 0.15 g/ isoniazid 75 mg	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Rimactazid	0.9 gram
J04AM05	J04AM05_1	rifampicin_0.12g - isoniazid_50mg - pyrazinamide_0.3g	rifampicin 0.12 g/ isoniazid 50 mg/ pyrazinamide 0.3 g	Tab	6 UD (=6 tab)	Rifater	2.82 gram
J04AM05	J04AM05_2	rifampicin0.15g - isoniazid_75mg - pyrazinamide_0.4g	rifampicin 0.15 g/ isoniazid 75 mg/ pyrazinamide 0.4 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Rimcure	2.5 gram
J04AM05	J04AM05_3	rifampicin_225mg - pyrazinamide_750mg - isoniazid_150mg(tab)	rifampicin 225 mg (1 tab)/ pyrazinamide 750 mg (1 tab)/ isoniazid 150 mg (1 tab) (combination package)**	Tab	6 UD (=6 tab)	R-cinex	2.25 gram
J04AM05	J04AM05_4	rifampicin_60mg - pyrazinamide_150 mg - isoniazid_30mg(tab)	rifampicin 60 mg/ pyrazinamide 150 mg/ isoniazid 30 mg	Tab	10 UD (=10 tab)	RHZ 60	2.4 gram
J04AM06	J04AM06_1	Rifampicin - ethambutol - isoniazid - pyrazinamide	rifampicin 0.15 g/ ethambutol 0.275 g/ isoniazid 75 mg/ pyrazinamide 0.4 g	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	Rimstar	3.6 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J04AM06	J04AM06_2	rifamp._0.45g - pyrazin._0.75g - ethambutol_0.8g - isoniazid_0.3g	rifampicin 450 mg (1 tab)/ pyrazinamide 750 mg (2 tab)/ethambutol 800 mg+isoniazid 300 mg (1 tab) (combination package)**	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	AK-4	3.05 gram
J04AM07	J04AM07_1	rifampicin_150mg - ethambutol_275mg - isoniazid_75mg(tab)	rifampicin 150 mg/ ethambutol 275 mg/ isoniazid 75 mg	Tab	4 UD (=4 tab)	3-FDC	2.0 gram
J05AP51	J05AP51_1	sofosbuvir - ledipasvir	sofosbuvir 400 mg/ ledipasvir 90 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Harvoni	0.49 gram
J05AP53	J05AP53_1	ombitasvir - paritaprevir - ritonavir	ombitasvir 12.5 mg/ paritaprevir 75 mg/ ritonavir 50 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Technivie / Viekirax	0.275 gram
J05AP54	J05AP54_1	elbasvir_50mg - grazoprevir_100mg	elbasvir 50 mg/ grazoprevir 100 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Zepatier	0.15 gram
J05AP55	J05AP55_1	sofosbuvir_400mg - velpatasvir_100mg	sofosbuvir 400 mg/ velpatasvir 100 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Epclusa	0.5 gram
J05AP56	J05AP56_1	sofosbuvir_400mg - velpatasvir_100mg - voxilaprevir 100mg	sofosbuvir 400 mg/ velpatasvir 100 mg/ voxilaprevir 100 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Vosevi	0.6 gram
J05AP57	J05AP57_1	glecaprevir_100mg - pibrentasvir_40mg(tab)	glecaprevir 100 mg/ pibrentasvir 40 mg	Tab	3 UD (=3 tab)	Maviret	0.14 gram
J05AR01	J05AR01_1	lamivudine - zidovudine	lamivudine 0.15 g/ zidovudine 0.3 g	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Combivir	0.42 gram
J05AR02	J05AR02_1	abacavir - lamivudine	abacavir 0.6 g/ lamivudine 0.3 g	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Kivexa	0.9 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	
J05AR03	J05AR03_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir disoproxil	emtricitabine 0.2 g/ tenofovir disoproxil 0.245 g	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Truvada	0.445 gram
J05AR04	J05AR04_1	zidovudine - lamivudine - bacavir	zidovudine 0.3 g/ lamivudine 0.15 g/ abacavir 0.3 g	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Trizivir	1.5 gram
J05AR05	J05AR05_1	lamivudine - nevirapine - zidovudine	lamivudine 150 mg/ nevirapine 200 mg/ zidovudine 300 mg	Tab	2 UD (=2 tab)	Lamivudine/Nevirapine/ Zidovudine 150mg/200mg/300mg	1.3 gram
J05AR06	J05AR06_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir disoproxil - efavirenz	emtricitabine 0.2 g/ tenofovir disoproxil 0.245 g/ efavirenz 0.6 g	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Atripla	1.045 gram
J05AR08	J05AR08_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir disoproxil - rilpivirine	emtricitabine 0.2 g/ tenofovir disoproxil 0.245 g/ rilpivirine 0.025 g	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Eviplera, Complera	0.47 gram
J05AR09	J05AR09_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir disoproxil - elvitegravir - cobicistat	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg/ elvitegravir 150 mg/ cobicistat 150 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Stribild	0.7465 gram
J05AR11	J05AR11_1	lamivudine – tenofovir disoproxil - efavirenz	lamivudine 300 mg/ tenofovir disoproxil 300 mg (fumarate)/ efavirenz 600 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Efavirenz/lamivudine/tenofovir	1.2 gram
J05AR12	J05AR12_1	lamivudine - tenofovir disoproxil	lamivudine 300 mg/ tenofovir disoproxil 300 mg (fumarate)	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Lamivudine and Tenofovir	0.6 gram
J05AR13	J05AR13_1	lamivudine - abacavir - dolutegravir	lamivudine 300 mg/ abacavir 600 mg/ dolutegravir 50 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Triumeq	0.95 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J05AR14	J05AR14_1	darunavir -cobicistat	darunavir 800 mg/ cobicistat 150 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Rezolsta/Prezcobix	0.95 gram
J05AR15	J05AR15_1	atazanavir - cobicistat	atazanavir 0.3 g/ cobicistat 0.15 g	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Evotaz	0.45 gram
J05AR17	J05AR17_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 10 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Descovy	0.21 gram
J05AR17	J05AR17_2	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 25 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Descovy	0.225 gram
J05AR18	J05AR18_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide - elvitegravir - cobicistat	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 10 mg/ elvitegravir 150 mg/ cobicistat 150 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Genvoya	0.51 gram
J05AR19	J05AR19_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide - rilpivirine	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 25 mg/ rilpivirine 25 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Odefsey	0.25 gram
J05AR20	J05AR20_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide - bictegravir	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 25 mg/ bictegravir 50 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Biktarvy	0.275 gram
J05AR21	J05AR21_1	dolutegravir - rilpivirine	dolutegravir 50 mg/ rilpivirine 25 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Juluca	0.075 gram
J05AR22	J05AR22_1	emtricitabine - tenofovir alafenamide - darunavir - cobicistat	emtricitabine 200 mg/ tenofovir alafenamide 10 mg/ darunavir 800 mg/ cobicistat 150 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Symtuza	1.16 gram

ATC code	CombinedProduct (variable to be reported)	Variable description in TESSy metadata	Active ingredients per one unit dose (UD)	Dosage form	No. of UD* per one DDD	Brand name	Conversion into weight per one DDD
J05AR24	J05AR24_1	lamivudine -tenofovir-disoproxil - doravirine	lamivudine 300 mg/tenofovir disoproxil 245 mg/doravirine 100 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Delstrigo	0.645 gram
J05AR25	J05AR25_1	lamivudine - dolutegravir	lamivudine 300 mg - dolutegravir 50 mg	Tab	1 UD (=1 tab)	Dovato	0.35 gram

J05AP58, J05AR26 and J05AR27 do not have an assigned DDD (2020 ATC/DDD index).

Tab: tablet, Powder for inj: powder for injection, Caps: capsule, Mixt: Mixture, Inf conc: Infusion concentrate

2020 new DDD allocations for combined products are shown in grey.

*: for J01CE30 the StrengthUnit is given in grams

** For 'combination packages', the variable 'active ingredients per one unit dose' (UD) refers to single items (e.g. tablets) contained in a package and thus 'combination packages' have more than one UD. UD's comprising a 'combination package' are ready to use single dosing and are administered at the same time.

If one 'combination package' is the usual recommended daily dose as defined by WHO CC, then one DDD is equal to the number of UD's in a 'combination package'.

If more than one 'combination package' are recommended as a daily dose, then one DDD is equal to the product of the number of 'combination packages' comprising a daily dose and the number of UD's contained in a single 'combination package'.

Examples

This section provides examples of reporting data on the consumption of liquids, on consumption and population coverage and consumption of combined products.

How to report liquid medicinal products in vials or bottles

Liquid medicinal products in a vial or a bottle have either a strength expressed as a concentration (for instance 250mg/5mL, 80mg/mL), or their content is expressed as the total amount (for instance 250mg/vial). TESSy cannot handle data for the variable Strength expressed as a concentration. Below are provided instructions how to fill in the AMC record type for such products. Based on these data, TESSy calculates the content of vials or bottles and allocates the correct DDD.

Variables to be reported for liquid medicinal products in both vials and bottles:

Variable

PackageSize:	Number of items in the box (either the number of vials or the number of bottles of syrup)
Strength:	Total amount of active substance in one item (either a vial or a bottle of syrup)
StrengthUnit:	G/MG/IU/MU
SyrupForm:	Yes or No or NA

Two options for computing data for the variable Strength

- Original strength (e.g. 500 mg per vial) expressed as the total amount of the active substance in one item.
The strength to be reported is the original strength.
- Original strength expressed as a concentration of an active substance per volume (e.g. 100mg per 5 ml).
The strength to be reported is the result of the calculation of the numerator of the original strength (e.g. 100 mg) divided by the denominator of the original strength (e.g. 5 ml) and multiplied by the volume of the item (e.g. bottle or vial).

Based on this information, TESSy will compute the content of the active substance for a vial or syrup bottle and allocate DDD accordingly.

Formula for computing the content of a medicinal product:

TESSy uses the following formula to compute a medicinal product's active substance content:

$$\text{Content} = \text{PackageSize} \times \text{Strength}$$

Three examples for computing the content of product A (vials) and products B and C (bottles)

Example 1

The presentation of the product A is defined as 5 vials of 500 mg of amoxicillin each. For product A the information to be provided is:

PackageSize:	5
Strength:	500
StrengthUnit:	MG
SyrupForm:	NA

Based on this information, TESSy will compute the following content of the active substance for product A and allocate DDD:

Content of product A = 5 PCS x 500 mg = 2500 mg (2.5 g)

Example 2

The presentation of the product B is defined as 1 bottle of syrup of 60mL of amoxicillin at a concentration of 125mg/5mL. For product B the information to be provided is:

PackageSize:	1
Strength:	125/5x60=1500
StrengthUnit:	MG
SyrupForm:	Y

Based on this information, TESSy will compute the following content of the active substance for product B and allocate DDD:

Content of product B = 1 PCS x 1500 mg = 1500 mg (1.5 g)

Example 3

The presentation of the product C is defined as 12 bottles of syrup each of 60mL of amoxicillin at a concentration of 125mg/5mL. For product C the information to be provided is:

PackageSize:	12
Strength:	125/5x60=1500
StrengthUnit:	MG
SyrupForm:	Y

Based on this information, TESSy will compute the following content of the active substance for product C and allocate DDD:

Content of product C = 12 PCS x 1500 mg = 18000 mg (18 g)

How to report data coverage in the AMCDS record type

TESSy calculates DDD per 1000 inhabitants per day. Therefore, TESSy has to divide the consumption figures by the population figures. The figures provided for the consumption and for the population should cover the same population. Some countries provide consumption figures for the whole population, others provide them only for a sample. The information about the coverage for consumption and population is stored in the record type AMCDS and should be provided for each health sector for which data are delivered.

Examples of all possible cases are provided below. The examples provided show data reported to TESSy for the sector community (primary care).

Country A reports data for the whole population from overall sales

The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDS are as follows:

For the consumption data:

DS_CoverageAC: 100%

DS_CoverageExtrapolatedAC: No

The actual data coverage stored in TESSy is 100%.

For the population data:

Country A has the choice to use preferentially Eurostat data or its own national statistics database.

If country A chooses Eurostat data, TESSy will use Eurostat to retrieve the population figures. Country A reports in the record type AMCDS as follow:

DS_EurostatDataAC: Yes

If country A chooses not to use Eurostat data, it reports in the record type AMCDS as follow:

DS EurostatDataAC: No

Additionally, it provides population data using the AMCDENOM record type.

Country B reports data extrapolated for the whole population from a sample representing 70% of the total population

Country B collected data from a sample representing 70% of its total population. Then it extrapolated the data to 100% of the population. The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDS are as follows:

For the consumption data:

DS CoverageAC: 70% (as its original data only covered 70% of the population)

DS CoverageExtrapolatedAC: Yes

The actual data coverage in TESSy is 100% because Country B extrapolated the data to the total population.

For the population data:

Country B, because it extrapolated its original data to 100% of the population, can use preferentially Eurostat data or its own national statistics database. See example of [country A](#) for details.

Country C reports data for a sample representing 70% of the total population without any extrapolation

Country C collected data from a sample representing 70% of its total population. It did not extrapolate the data to 100% of the population like Country B. The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDS are as follows:

For the consumption data:

DS CoverageAC: 70% (as its original data only covered 70% of the population)

DS CoverageExtrapolatedAC: No

The actual data coverage in TESSy is 70% because Country C did not extrapolate the data to the total population.

For the population data:

Because the submitted consumption data only represent 70% of the total population, country C cannot use Eurostat data. The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDS are as follows:

DS EurostatDataAC: No

Additionally, it provides population data corresponding to the sample using the record type AMCDENOM.

Country D reports data from a sample of 80% from the insured population covering itself 90% of the total population

Country D receives the consumption data from an insurance company that collected data on only a sample covering 80% of the insured population. The insured population represents itself 90% of the total population. Country D has four different options to report the consumption data to ECDC. The choice of the options is up to countries:

Option 1: the sample has been extrapolated to the whole insured population

Country D submits the data extrapolated to the insured population. The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDS are as follows:

For the consumption data:

DS Coverage: 90% (data extrapolated to the insured population)

DS CoverageExtrapolated: No

The actual data coverage in TESSy is 90% because Country D has not extrapolated the data to the total population.

For the population data:

Country D with option 1 is in the same situation as Country C.

DS EurostatDataAC: No

Additionally, it provides population data corresponding to insured population using the record type AMCDENOM.

Option 2: the sample has not been extrapolated to the whole insured population

Country D submits the original sample in the insured population without extrapolating to the total insured population. The relevant variable names and the data reported in the record type AMCDs are as follows:

For the consumption data:

DS Coverage: 72% (data not extrapolated to the insured population, i.e. 80% of 90% = 72%)

DS CoverageExtrapolated: No

The actual data coverage in TESSy is 72% because Country D has not extrapolated the data to the total population.

For the population data:

Country D with option 2 is in the same situation as Country C.

DS EurostatDataAC: No

Additionally, it provides population data corresponding to 80% of the insured population, which finally represents 72% of the total population using the record type AMCDENOM.

How to report combined products

From 2017, combined products under surveillance in ESAC-Net (as defined in the [list of the WHO Collaborating Centre for Drug Statistics Methodology](#)) reported for the antimicrobial consumption must contain the new variable CombinedProduct;

CombinedProduct: an additional code based on the ATC classification and adjusted in order to distinguish and precisely define one particular product.

The updated Table 22 contains the new variable assigned to all combined products under surveillance in ESAC-Net and a description of the product details.

Variables to be reported for combined products in the record type 'AMC'

(TESSy needs this information to calculate the number of DDD per package. Please, see also Tab. 22 Allocations of defined daily doses for combined products.)

ATCCode: ATC code of the substance (5th level)

CombinedProduct: ATC code of the substance for the combined product

AntimicrobialRoute: Route of administration of the substance; e.g. oral or parenteral)

Package Size: Number of items (e.g. tablets, bottles, ampoules) in the package

Strength: Quantity of the ingredient in each item (provided as the number of UD's)

StrengthUnit: Unit of the strength reported (UD)
ProductLabel: The product label or medicinal product package label

Examples

The product A, B and C, all containing sulfamethoxazole and trimethoprim in different amounts were previously reported with [ATCCode J01EE01](#).

Now for each of the products A, B and C it has to be reported, additional to the ATCCode, also the CombinedProduct variable, which makes them distinguishable.

Product A:

A package with 10 ampoules of 1 ml infusion concentrates.

Each ml infusion concentrate contains sulfamethoxazole 80mg and trimethoprim 16mg.

(According to Tab. 22, 20 ml of an infusion concentrate with a combination of sulfamethoxazole 80mg and trimethoprim 16mg per ml are equal to 20 UD = 1 DDD).

ATCCode: J01EE01

CombinedProduct: J01EE01_1

Antimicrobial route: Parenteral

PackageSize: 10

Strength: 1

StrengthUnit: UD

The content of a package of product A contains 10 UD and is equal to 0.5 DDD.

In the ESAC-Net metadata, there are two other related variables, i.e. the variable PackageContent (must be reported as 10) and the variable PackageContentUnit (must be reported as UD).

Product B:

A package with 8 vials of 5 ml mixture containing each sulfamethoxazole 0.2 g and trimethoprim 40 mg.

(According to Tab. 22, 40 ml of mixture containing a combination of sulfamethoxazole_0.2 g - trimethoprim_40 mg per 5 ml are equal to 8 UD = 1 DDD) .

ATCCode: J01EE01

CombinedProduct: J01EE01_2

Antimicrobial route: Parenteral

PackageSize: 8

Strength: 1

StrengthUnit: UD

The content of a package of product B contains 8 UD and is equal to 1 DDD.

In the ESAC-Net metadata, there are two other related variables,i.e. the variable PackageContent (must be reported as 8) and the variable PackageContentUnit (must be reported as UD).

Product C:

A package with 8 tablets and each tablet containing sulfamethoxazole 0.4 g and trimethoprim 80 mg.

(According to Tab. 22, 4 tablets containing a combination of sulfamethoxazole 0.4 g and trimethoprim 80 mg are equal to 4 UD = 1 DDD) .

ATCCode: J01EE01

CombinedProduct: J01EE01_3

Antimicrobial route: Oral

PackageSize: 8

Strength: 1

StrengthUnit: The content of a package of product C contains 8 UD and is equal to 2 DDD.
In the ESAC-Net metadata, there are two other related variables. I.e. the variable PackageContent (must be reported as 8) and the variable PackageContentUnit (must be reported as UD).

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