

International surveillance network for the enteric infections -Salmonella, VTEC 0157 and Campylobacter

Funded by the European Centre for Disease Control

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Summary.

This report gives details of the number of isolates identified by the national reference laboratories in the 4th quarter of 2006 and incorporated in the Enter-net VTEC database. Twenty countries have supplied the relevant data electronically (or reported a nil return). Six hundred and twenty-three cases have been reported. *E. coli* O157 was the most commonly identified serogroup; other serogroups identified are detailed in table 1, within the 42 (9.7%) others there were 29 different serogroups, 11 cases (1.8%) were non-O157s with no specific serogroup identified. One case of O157 was co-infected with O26, and there was one case infected with serogroups O11 and O121.

Details in tables 1 & 2 refer to the sixteen countries that have supplied data electronically for 2006 and 2005. Tables 3-7 show the results from all cases that are in the database.

Quarterly data - major trends.

The total number of reports in the database shows a decrease of 12.7% over the same period last year with 623 cases as compared to 714 in 2005, although the data for 2005 includes the large outbreak in E&W. Where phage typing is performed PT21/28 was the predominant strain whereas in 2005 it was PT32 (table 2). The breakdown of serogroups by country is given in table 7.

The phrase 'NT' is used throughout this report and stands for untyped, untypable or not definitively typed for whatever reason. All data are **provisional**; the month of report is based on the date of receipt in the reference laboratory.

Report prepared – February, 2007.

Serogroup	Freq	%	Freq	%
	20	06	20	05
O157	363	58.3	505	70.7
O145	30	4.8	10	1.4
O26	27	4.3	25	3.5
O103	18	2.9	11	1.5
O91	15	2.4	19	2.7
O146	8	1.3	7	1.0
O76	7	1.1	4	0.6
O55	6	1.0	2	0.3
O128	5	0.8	4	0.6
O111	4	0.6	9	1.3
Non-O157	11	1.8	3	0.4
NT	87	14.0	82	11.5
Other	42	6.7	33	4.6
Total	623		714	
	Tab	le 1		·

O157 PT	Fre q	%	Freq	%
	20	06	20	05
21/28	32	20.3	20	8.9
32	26	16.5	31	13.8
7	13	8.2	0	0.0
8	8	5.1	19	8.4
4	5	3.2	8	3.6
88	5	3.2	0	0.0
14	4	2.5	4	1.8
2	3	1.9	10	4.4
31	3	1.9	0	0.0
34	3	1.9	1	0.4
NT	52	32.9	128	56.9
Other	4	2.5	4	1.8
Total	158		225	
	Tal	ble 2		

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Antimicrobial susceptibility testing results.

Antimicrobial susceptibility test results were available for 190 records. The majority of these are tested against the full panel of antimicrobials recommended by Enter-net, although not all strains are necessarily tested against each one. The frequency and percent in the categories resistant, intermediate and sensitive (as defined by each reference laboratory) are given in table 3.

AST results by each Antimicrobial										
	Res	sistant	Interme	ediate	Sens	Tested				
Streptomycin	36	19.0	7	3.7	146	77.2	189			
Gentamicin	1	0.5	6	3.2	183	96.3	190			
Kanamycin	14	7.4	11	5.8	164	86.8	189			
Ampicillin	26	13.7	127	66.8	37	19.5	190			
Cefotaxime	1	0.5		0.0	188	99.5	189			
Sulphonamides	80	42.3	61	32.3	48	25.4	189			
Trimethoprim	16	8.4	1	0.5	173	91.1	190			
Chloramphenicol	11	5.8		0.0	178	94.2	189			
Tetracyclines	28	14.8	94	49.7	67	35.4	189			
Nalidixic Acid	5	2.6		0.0	184	97.4	189			
Ciprofloxacin		0.0		0.0	190	100	190			
Table 3										

Multi-drug resistance.

Table 4 shows the total number of strains with multi-resistance (to four or more antimicrobials) and the percent of the total for that serogroup with an associated antibiogram.

Age and gender.

Serogroup	No MDR (=4)	Tota	%
		I	
untyped/untypable	6	29	20.7
O157	0	23	0.0
O26	5	19	26.3
O103	2	13	15.4
0111	2	4	50.0
O145	2	27	7.4
Others*	7	79	8.9
Total	24	190	12.6
	Table 4	•	

The age and gender breakdown is detailed in table 5.

		O157							non-O157							
	Ma	ale	Fen	nale	NŁ	(To	tal	Ма	ale	Fen	nale	N	K	To	tal
Ageband	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%
0-11m	5	1.4	4	1.1		0.0	9	2.5	3	1.7	5	2.8		0.0	8	4.5
1-5y	40	11.1	54	15.0	7	1.9	101	28.1	47	26.7	33	18.8	2	1.1	82	46.6
6-14y	33	9.2	24	6.7		0.0	57	15.8	9	5.1	10	5.7		0.0	19	10.8
16-64y	57	15.8	97	26.9		0.0	154	42.8	22	12.5	26	14.8	1	0.6	49	27.8
65y+	14	3.9	21	5.8		0.0	35	9.7	5	2.8	9	5.1		0.0	14	8.0
NK	2	0.6	1	0.3	1	0.3	4	1.1		0.0	4	2.3		0.0	4	2.3
Total	151	41.9	201	55.8	8	2.2	360	100	86	48.9	87	49.4	3	1.7	176	100
	Table 5															

Clinical manifestation.

The clinical manifestation is detailed for 292 of the cases in the database. Bloody diarrhoea is more common in cases with O157 infections compared to non-O157 infections (table 6).

Clinical Manifestation	01	57	non-	O157	Serogroup not known					
	Freq	%	Freq	%	Freq	%				
Diarrhoea	116	57.7	41	70.7	21	63.6				
Bloody diarrhoea	58	28.9	5	8.6	4	12.1				
HUS	16	8.0	7	12.1	4	12.1				
Asymptomatic	11	5.5	5	8.6	4	12.1				
Total	201	·	58		33	·				
Table 6										

^{*} Seven different serogroups.